Fortress Of the Muslim

Invocations from the Qur'ân & Sunnah









DARUSSALAM

GLOBAL LEADER IN ISLAMIC BOOKS

TRANSLITERATION TABLE

| ا فتحة + İ A about | ن n nurse |
|--|--|
| <u>a</u> c <u>a</u> t | oo pool |
| † o on | q queen ("k" sound made in back of throat |
| ε AA say "a" twice distinctly with an open mouth | r rabbit (rolled "r" sound similar to Spanish "r") |
| . b box | sh ship ش |
| 2 d door | س s sea |
| ف <u>d</u> heavy "d" sound (open jaw but keep lips tightly round i.e : duh | ع heavy "s" sound (open jaw but keep lips tightly round |
| ي ee feet | ت t tan |
| f fish ف | 上 <u>t</u> heavy "t" sound (open jaw but keep lips slightly round) |
| ė gh the sound you make when gargling (Touch very back of tongue to very back of mouth | ٹ th think |
| هـ h hat | ڬ <u>th</u> the |
| b heavy "h" sound (drop back of tongue to open back of throat, then force air out for"h" | 上 <u>th</u> "th" sound as in "the" but heavier (open jaw but keep lips slightly round) |
| l ink ا + کسرة | u put ضمّة |
| e j jar | ُ w water |
| 설 k kit | pronounce the letter before but cut it short by stopping suddenly |
| ż kh gravely "h" sound (touch back of tongue to roof of mouth and force air out) | y yarn |
| ال look | ز z zebra |
| m man | (-) is to make some words easier to read |

1. When waking up

(1)

Alhamdu lill ahil-lathee ahyana baAAda ma amatana wa-ilayhin-nushoo r.

'All praise is for All $\underline{a}h$ who gave us life after having taken it from us and unto Him is the resurrection .'

(٢)
The Prophet ﷺ said: 'Whoever awakes at night and then says:
لا إله إلا الله وَحْدَهُ لا شَرِيكَ له، له المُلكُ وله الحَمد، وهو على كلّ شيء قدير،
سُبْحانَ اللهِ، والحمْدُ لله، ولا إله إلا الله والله أكبَر، ولا حَولَ ولا قوّة إلا باللهِ العليّ العظيم.

La ilaha illal-lahu wahdahu la shareeka lah, lahul -mulku walahul -hamd, wahuwa AAala kulli shay -in qadeer, sub hanal-lah, walhamdu lillah, wala ilaha illal-lah wallahu akbar, wala hawla wala quwwata illa billahil-AAaliyyil AAa *th*eem.

'None has the right to be worshipped except All <u>ah</u>, alone without associate, to Him belongs sovereignty and praise and He is over all things wholly capable. How perfect All<u>ah</u> is, and all praise is for All <u>ah</u>, and none has the right to be worshipped except All<u>ah</u>, All<u>ah</u> is the greatest and there is no power nor might except with All <u>ah</u>, The Most High, The Supreme .

...and then supplicates:

رَبِّ اغْفر لي.

Rabbigh-fir lee

'O my Lord forgive me .'

...will be forgiven'

Al-Waleed said, "or he said:

'and then asks, he will be answered. If he then performs ablution and prays, his prayer will be accepted'."

Alhamdu lill ahil-lathee AA afanee fee jasadee waradda AA alayya roo hee wa-athina lee bithikrih.

'All praise is for All $\underline{a}h$ who restored to me my health and returned my soul and has allowed me to remember Him .'

《Inna fee khalqi a Issam<u>a</u>wati wa al-ardi wa-ikhtilafi allayli wa -aInnahari la-ayatin li-olee al-albab...》

(From Verse T: 19. till the end of the chapter Ali AAimran)

Y. Supplication when wearing a garment

(0)

Al \underline{h} amdu lill \underline{a} hil-la \underline{t} hee kas \underline{a} nee h \underline{a} tha (aththawb) warazaqaneehi min ghayri \underline{h} awlin minnee wal a quwwah.

'All Praise is for All ah who has clothed me with this garment and provided it for me, with no power nor might from myself .'

T. Supplication said when wearing a new garment

(١) اللهُمَّ لَكَ الحَمْدُ أَنْتَ كَسَوْتَنيهِ، أَسْأَلُكَ مِنْ خَيرِهِ وَخَيْرِ مَا صُنِعَ لَه، وَأَعودُ بِكَ مِنْ شَرِّهِ وَشَرِّ ما صُنِعَ لَـهُ.

Allahumma lakal -hamdu anta kasawtaneeh, as -aluka min khayrihi wakhayri m a suniAAa lah, wa -aAAoo thu bika min sharrihi washarri m a suniAAa lah.

'O Allah, for You is all praise, Y ou have clothed me with it (i.e. the garment), I ask You for the good of it and the good for which it was made, and I seek refuge with You from the evil of it and the evil for which it was made.'

4. Supplication said to someone wearing a new garment

(Y)

Tublee wayukhliful -lahu taAA ala.

'May you wear it out and All <u>ah</u> تعالى replace it (with another).' The intended meaning: A supplication for long life . "

Ilbas jadeedan w aAAish hameedan wamut shaheedan .

'Wear anew, live commendably and die a shaheed.'

shaheed: One who dies fighting the kuff <u>ar</u> in order to make the word of All <u>ah</u> superior or in defense of Isl <u>am</u>. It also has other meanings found in the Sunnah such as : the one who dies defending his life, wealth or family; the woman who passes away due to childbirth; one who drowns ...etc.

. Before undressing

(٩)

بسم الله .

Bismil-lah

'In the name of All ah.'

7. Before entering the toilet

(1.)

(Bismil-lah) allahumma innee aAAoo thu bika minal -khubthi wal -khaba-ith '(In the name of All ah). O Allah, I take refuge with you from all evil and evil -doers.'

V. After leaving the toilet

(11)

غُقر انك .

Ghufranak

'I ask You (Allah) for forgiveness .'

A. When starting ablution

(11)

يسم الله.

Bismil-lah

'In the name of All ah.'

4. Upon completing the ablution

(13)

Ashhadu an l \underline{a} il \underline{a} ha illal-l \underline{a} hu wa \underline{h} dahu l \underline{a} shareeka lah, wa -ashhadu anna Muhammadan AAabduhu warasooluh .

'I bear witness that none has the right to be worshipped except All <u>a</u>h, alone without partner, and I bear witness that Mu <u>h</u>ammad is His slave and Messenger .'

Allahummaj -AAalnee minat -tawwabeena wajAAalnee minal -mutatahhireen.

'O Allah, make me of those who return to You often in repentance and make me of those who remain clean and pure \cdot .'

Sub $\underline{h}\underline{a}$ nakal- $\underline{l}\underline{a}$ humma wabi \underline{h} amdika ashhadu an l \underline{a} il \underline{a} ha ill \underline{a} anta astaghfiruka wa - atoobu ilayk .

'How perfect You are O All <u>ah</u>, and I praise You, I bear witness that none has the right to be worshipped except You, I seek Your forgiveness and turn in repentance to You.

\. When leaving the home

(17)

Bismil-lah, tawakkaltu AAalal -lah, wala hawla wala quwwata ill a billah.

'In the name of All $\underline{a}h$, I place my trust in All $\underline{a}h$, and there is no might nor power except with All $\underline{a}h$.'

Allahumma innee aAAoo thu bika an a dilla aw o dal, aw azilla aw ozall, aw a thlima aw othlam, aw ajhala aw yujhala AAalay .

'O Allah, I take refuge with You lest I should stray or be led astray, or slip or be tripped, or oppress or be oppressed, or behave foolishly or be treated foolishly slip: i.e. to commit a sin unintentionally

11. Upon entering the home

 $(\Lambda\Lambda)$

Bismil-lahi walajn a, wabismil-lahi kharajn a, waAAal a rabbin a tawakkaln a.

'In the name of All ah we enter and in the name of All ah we leave, and upon our Lord we place our tr ust.'

17. Supplication when going to the mosque

Allahumma ijAAal fee qalbee noor a, wafee lis anee noor a, wajAAal fee samAAee noora, wajAAal fee ba saree noora, wajAAal min khalfee noora, wamin am amee noora ,wajAAal min fawqee noor a, wamin ta htee noora, allahumma aAA tinee noora.

'O Allah, place within my heart light, and upon my tongue light, and within my ears light, and within my eyes light, and place behind me light and in front of me light and above me light and beneath me light . O Allah, bestow upon me light .'

۱۳. Upon entering the mosque

aAAoo thu billahil-AAatheem wabiwajhihil -kareem wasul tanihil-qadeem minash shaytanir-rajeem, [bismil-lah, wassalatu] [wassalamu AAala rasoolil-lah], allahumma iftah lee abwaba rahmatik.

'I take refuge with All ah, The Supreme and with His Noble Face, and His eternal authority from the accursed devil. In the name of Allah, and prayers and peace be upon the Messenger of All ah. O Allah, open the gates of Your mercy for me.

Bismil-lah wassalatu wassalamu AAala rasoolil-lah, allahumma innee as -aluka min fadlik, allahumma iAA simnee mi nash-shaytanir-rajeem.

'In the name of All ah, and prayers and peace be upon the Messenger of All ah. O Allah, I ask You from Your favour . O Allah, guard me from the accursed devil .'

1°. Supplications related to the athan (the call to prayer)

(TT)

'One repeats just as the mu-aththin (one who calls to prayer) says, except when he says:

Hayya AAala <u>s-s</u>al<u>a</u>h (or) <u>h</u>ayya AAalal -fal<u>ah</u>

'come to prayer, come to success'

instead, one should say:

لا حَوِلَ وَلا قُوَّةَ إِلاَّ بِاللهِ.

La <u>h</u>awla wal <u>a</u> quwwata ill <u>a</u> bill<u>a</u>h.

'There is no might nor power except with All ah.'

(27)

Immediately following the declaration of faith called by the mu-aththin, one says: وَأَنْ اللهُ وَلَا اللهُ وَحُدَهُ لا شَريكَ له ، وَأَنَّ محَمَّداً عَبْدُهُ وَرَسولُه ، وَأَنَّ محَمِّداً عَبْدُهُ وَرَسولُه ، رَضيتُ بِاللهِ رَبَّا ، وَيِمُحَمَّدِ رَسولاً وَبِالإِسْلامِ ديناً .

Wa-an<u>a</u> ashhadu an l<u>a</u> il<u>a</u>ha illal-l<u>a</u>hu wa<u>h</u>dahu l<u>a</u> shareeka lah, wa-anna Mu<u>h</u>ammadan AAabduhu warasooluh, ra <u>d</u>eetu bill<u>a</u>hi rabban wabimu <u>h</u>ammadin rasoolan wabil-islami deen a.

'And I too bear witness that none has the right to be worshipped except All $\underline{a}h$, alone, without partner, and that Mu \underline{h} ammad is His salve and Messenger. I am pleased with Allah as a Lord, and Mu hammad as a Messenger and Isl am as a religion.'

(Y £)

'One should then send prayers on the Prophet # after answering the call of the muaththin'

All<u>a</u>humma rabba h<u>ath</u>ihid-daAAwatit -t<u>a</u>mmah, wa \underline{ssala} til-q<u>a</u>-imah <u>a</u>ti Mu<u>h</u>ammadan alwaseelata wal -fa<u>d</u>eelah, wabAAath -hu maq<u>a</u>man ma<u>h</u>moodan alla <u>th</u>ee waAAadtah, innaka l<u>a</u> tukhliful -meeAA<u>a</u>d.

'O Allah, Owner of this perfect call and Owner of this prayer to be performed, bestow upon Muhammad al-waseelah and al-fadeelah and send him upon a praised platform which You have promised him . Verily, You never fail in Your promise .'

al-waseelah: A station in paradise .

al-fadeelah: A rank above the rest of creation .

praised platform: One in which all of creation will praise him on, in ord er to bring about the account quickly and be relieved from the lengthy standing or the role of intercession.

(۲7)

One should also supplicate for himself during the time between the a than and the igamah as supplication at such time is not rejected.

17 . Supplication at the start of the prayer (after takbeer) $^{(7)}$

اللَّهُمَّ باعِدْ بَيني وَبَيْنَ خَطَايايَ كَما باعَدْتَ بَيْنَ المَشْرُقِ وَالمَغْرِبْ ، اللَّهُمَّ نَقّني مِنْ خَطايايَ كَما يَانَقُى التَّوْبُ الأَبْيَضُ مِنَ الدَّنَسْ ، اللَّهُمَّ اغْسِلْني مِنْ خَطايايَ عِلَا اللَّهُمَّ اغْسِلْني مِنْ خَطاياي بِالتَّلجِ وَالماءِ وَالْبَرَدْ .

Allahumma baAAid baynee wabayna kha tayaya kama baAAadta baynal -mashriqi walmaghrib, allahumma naqqinee min kha tayaya kama yunaqqath -thawbul -abyadu minad -danas, allahummagh -silnee min kha tayaya biththalji walma/i walbarad.

'O Allah, distance me from my sins just as You have distanced The East from The West, O Allah, purify me of my sins as a white robe is purified of filth, O All ah, cleanse me of my sins with snow, water, and ice .'

سُبْ حانَكَ اللَّهُمَّ وَبِحَمْدِكَ وَتَبارِكَ اسْمُكَ وَتَعالَى جَدْكَ وَلا إِلَّهَ غَبْرُ لُكَ . سُبْ حانَكَ اللَّهُمَّ وَبِحَمْدِكَ وَتَبارِكَ اسْمُكَ وَتَعالَى جَدْكَ وَلا إِلَّهَ غَبْرُ لُكَ .

Sub<u>ha</u>nakal-l<u>a</u>humma wabi <u>h</u>amdika watab <u>a</u>rakas-muka wataAA <u>a</u>la jadduka wal <u>a</u> il<u>a</u>ha ghayruk .

'How perfect You are O All <u>a</u>h, and I praise You . Blessed be Your name, an d lofty is Your position and none has the right to be worshipped except You .'

(٢٩) وَجُهِيَ لِلَّذِي فَطْرَ السَّمواتِ وَالأَرْضَ حَنيفاً وَما أَنا مِنَ المشْركين ، إنَّ صَلاتي ، وَنُسُكي ، وَمَحْياي ، وَمَماتي شَهِ رَبِّ العالمين ، لا شَريك له وَبذلك أَمرِ ثُتُ وَأَنا مِنَ المسلِمين . اللهُمَّ أَنْتَ المَلِكُ لا إِلهَ إلا أَنْت ،أَنْتَ رَبِّي وَأَنا عَبْدُك ، ظَلَمْتُ نَقْسي وَاعْتَرَقْتُ بِذَنبي قَاعْفِرْ لي دُنوبي جَميعاً إنَّه لا يَعْفِرُ الدُّنوب إلا أَنْت ، وَاصْرِف عَنِي سَيِّبَها أَنْت ، وَاصْرِف عَنِي سَيِّبَها أَنْت ، وَاصْرِف عَنِي سَيِّبَها أَنْت ، وَالخَيْرُ كُلُهُ بِيَدَيْك ، وَالشَّرُ لَيْسَ إِلْيَك ، وَالخَيْرُ كُلُه بِيَدَيْك ، وَالشَّر لَيْسَ إِلْيَك ، أَنا بِكَ وَ إِلَيْك ، تَبارَكْت وَتعاليت أَسْتَعْفِرُك وَأَتُوب الديك .

Wajjahtu wajhiya lilla thee fataras-samawati wal-arda haneefan wama ana minal-mushrikeen, inna salatee wanusukee wama hyaya wamamatee lillahi rabbil-AAalameen, la shareeka lahu wabi thalika omirtu wa-ana minal-muslimeen. Allahumma antal-maliku la ilaha illa ant. anta rabbee wa-ana AAabduk, thalamtu nafsee waAAtaraftu bi thanbee faghfir lee thunoobee jameeAAan innahu la yaghfiru th-thunooba illa ant.wahdinee li-ahsanil-akhlaqi la yahdee li-ahsaniha illa ant, wasrif AAannee sayyi-aha la yasrifu AAannee sayyi-aha illa ant, labbayka wasaAAdayk,walkhayru kulluhu biyadayk, washsharru laysa ilayk, an a bika wa-ilayk, tabarakta wataAA alayt, astaghfiruka wa-atoobu ilayk.

'I have turned my face sincerely tow ards He who has brought forth the heavens and the Earth and I am not of those who associate (others with All ah). Indeed my prayer, my sacrifice, my life and my death are for All ah, Lord of the worlds, no partner has He, with this I am commanded and I am of the Muslims. O Allah, You are the Sovereign, none has the right to be worshipped except You. You are my Lord and I am Your servant, I have wronged my own soul and have acknowledged my sin, so forgive me all my sins for no one forgives sins except You. Guide me to the best of characters for none can guide to it other than You, and deliver me from the worst of characters for none can deliver me from it other than You. Here I am, in answer to Your call, happy to serve you. All good is within Your hands a nd evil does not stem from You. I exist by your will and will return to you. Blessed and High are You, I seek Your forgiveness and repent unto You.'

Allah does not create pure evil which does not have any good or contain any benefit, wisdom or mercy at a ll, nor does He punish anyone without having committed a sin . Something can be good in terms of its creation when viewed in a particular perspective and at the same time be evil when viewed in another way . Allah created the devil and by him, He tests His s ervants, so there are those who hate the devil, fight him and his way and they stand at enmity towards him and his followers and there are others who are at allegiance with the devil and follow his steps . So evil exists in His creatures by His will and wis dom, not in His actions or act of creating .

(٣٠) اللهُمَّ رَبَّ حِبْرائيل ، وَميكائيل ، وَإسْرافيل، فاطِرَ السَّمواتِ وَالأَرْض ، عالمَ اللهُمَّ رَبَّ حِبْرائيل ، وَميكائيل ، وَإسْرافيل، فاطِرَ السَّمواتِ وَالأَرْض ، عالمَ الغَيْبِ وَالشَّهادَةِ أَنْتَ تَحْكُمُ بَيْنَ عِبادِكَ فيما كانوا فيهِ يَخْتَلِفُون. اهدنِي لما اخْتُلِفَ فيهِ مِنَ الْحَقِّ بِإِذْنِك ، إِنَّكَ تَهْدى مَنْ تَشَاءُ إِلَى صِراطٍ مُسْتَقيم.

Allahumma rabba jibr a-eel, wameek a-eel, wa-israfeel fatiras-samawati walar d. AAalimal-ghaybi washshah adah, anta ta hkumu bayna AAib adika feema kanoo feehi yakhtalifoon. ihdinee limakh -tulifa feehi minal -haqqi bi-ithnik, innaka tahdee man tasha-o ila siratin mustaqeem.

'O Allah, Lord of *Jibra-eel*, *Meeka-eel* and *Israfeel* (great angles), Creator of the heavens and the Earth, Knower of the seen and the unseen. You are the arbitrator between Your servants in that which they have disputed. Guide me to the truth by Your leave, in that which they have differed, for verily You guide whom You will to a straight path.'

(٣١) الله أَكْبَرُ كَبِيرِا ، الله أَكْبَرُ كَبِيرِا ، الله أَكْبَرُ كَبِيرِا ، وَالْحَمْدُ للهِ كَثْيرِا ، وَالْحَمْدُ للهِ كَثْيرِا ، وَالْحَمْدُ للهِ كَثْيرِا ، وَالْحَمْدُ للهِ كَثْيرِا ، وَسُبْحانَ اللهِ بكْرَةً وَأصيلا . (تَلاثاً) أعودُ بِاللهِ مِنَ الشَّيْطانِ مِنْ نَقْخِهِ وَنَقْتُهِ وَهَمْزِهِ .

Allahu akbaru kabeer a, Allahu akbaru kabeera, Allahu akbaru kabeer a, walhamdu lillahi katheer a, walhamdu lillahi katheer a, walhamdu lillahi katheer a, wasubhanal-lahi bukratan wa -aseela. (three times)

aAAoo thu billahi minash -shaytani min nafkhihi wanafthihi wahamzih .

'Allah is Most Great, All ah is Most Great, All ah is Most Great, much praise is for Allah, much praise is for All ah, much praise is for All ah, and I declare the perfection of Allah in the early morning and in the late afternoon.' (three times)

'I take refuge with All ah from the devil, from his pride, his poetry and his madness.'

(27)

The prophet # would say (as an opening supplication in prayer) when rising from sleep to perform prayers during the night:

اللهُمَّ لكَ الْحَمْدُ أَنْتَ نُورُ السَّمُواتِ وَالأَرْضَ وَمَنَّ فَيَهِنَ ، وَلَكَ الْحَمْدُ أَنْتَ قَيِّمُ السَّمُواتِ وَالأَرْضِ وَمَنْ فَيَهِنَ وَالأَرْضِ وَمَنْ فَيَهِنَ وَالأَرْضِ وَمَنْ فَيَهِنَ] [وَلَكَ الْحَمْدُ أَنْتَ رَبُّ السَّمُواتِ وَالأَرْضِ وَمَنْ فَيَهِنَ] [وَلَكَ الْحَمْدُ أَنْتَ فَيَهِنَ] [وَلَكَ الْحَمْدُ أَنْتَ مَلِكُ السَّمُواتِ وَالأَرْضِ وَ الْأَرْضِ وَمَنْ فَيَهِنَ] [وَلَكَ الْحَمْدُ أَنْتَ مَلِكُ السَّمُواتِ وَالأَرْضِ] [وَلَكَ الْحَمْدُ] [أَنْتَ الْحَقّ وَوَعْدُكَ الْحَق ، وَالْأَرْضِ] وَلَكَ الْحَمْدُ الْحَق ، وَالنَّارُ حَق ، وَالنَّييقِونَ حَق ، وَاللَّهُمَّ لكَ أَسْلَمَت ، وَالنَّارُ حَق ، وَالنَّارِ حَق ، وَالنَّييقُونَ حَق ، وَالْمَيْكَ حَق ، وَالسَّاعَةُ حَق] [اللهُمَّ لكَ أَسْلَمَت ، وَعَلَيْكَ تَوَكَّلْت ، وَبِكَ آمَنْت ، وَالْمَيْكَ

أنَبْت ، وَبِكَ خاصَمْت ، وَ إِلَيْكَ حاكَمْت . فاغْفِر ْ لي ما قَدَّمْتُ ، وَما أَخَرْت ، وَما أَنْتَ الْمُؤخِر ، وَمَا أَغْدَتُ الْمُقَدِّمُ وَأَنْتَ الْمُؤخِر ، لا إلهَ إلا أَنْت] [أَنْتَ الْمُؤخِر ، لا إلهَ إلا أَنْت] [أَنْتَ الْمُؤخِر ، لا إلهَ إلا أَنْت .

Allahumma lakal -hamd anta noorus -samawati wal-ardi waman feehin, walakal -hamd, anta qayyimus -samawati walar di waman feehin, [walakal-hamd, anta rabbus -samawati walardi waman feehin], [walakal-hamd, laka mulkus -samawati walardi waman feehin] anta malikus -samawati walar d] [walakal-hamd] wawaAAdukal -haq, waqawlukal -haq, waliq a-okal-haq, waljannatu haq wann aru haq, wannabiyyoona haq, wa Muhammadun # haq, wassaAAatu haq] [allahumma laka aslamt, waAAalayka tawakkalt, wabika amant, wa-ilayka anabt, wabika kh asamt, wailayka hakamt, faghfir lee m a qaddamt, wam a akhkhart, wam a asrart, wam a aAAlant] [antal-muqaddim, wa -antal-mu-akhkhir, la ilaha illa ant] [anta ilahee la ilaha illa ant]. 'O Allah, to You belongs all praise, You are the Light of the heavens and the Earth and all that is within them . To You belongs all praise, You are the Sustainer of the heavens and the Earth and all that is within them . To You belongs all praise . You are Lord of the heavens and the Earth and all that is within them . To You belongs all praise and the kingdom of the heavens and the Earth and all that is within them You belongs all praise, You are the King of the heavens and the Earth and to You belongs all praise. You are The Truth, Your promise is true, your Word is true, and the Day in which we will encounter You is true, the Garden of Paradise is true and the Fire is true, and the Prop hets are true, Mu hammad si is true and the Final Hour is true. O Allah, unto You I have submitted, and upon You I have relied, and in You I have believed, and to You I have turned in repentance, and over You I have disputed, and to You I have turned for ju dgment. So forgive me for what has come to pass of my sins and what will come to pass, and what I have hidden and what I have made public You are Al-Muqaddim and Al-Mu-akhkhir. None has the right to be worshipped except You, You are my Deity, none has t he right to be worshipped except You .' Meaning of Al-Muqaddim and Al-Mu-akhkhir: Allah puts forward and favours whom He wills from amongst His creation just as He defers and holds back whom He wills in accordance to His wisdom. E.g. Favouring man over the rest of creation, favouring the Prophets over the rest of mankind, favouring Mu hammad & over all the Prophets and Messengers ...etc.

14. While bowing in prayer (rukooAA) (TT)

سُبْحانَ رَبِّيَ الْعَظيم . (ثلاثاً)

Sub<u>ha</u>na rabbiyal -AAa<u>th</u>eem (three times)

'How perfect my Lord is, The Supreme .'(three times)

(32)

سُبْحانَكَ اللَّهُمَّ رَبَّنا وَيحَمْدِك ، اللَّهُمَّ اغْفِرْ لي .

Subhanakal-lahumma rabban a wabihamdik, all ahummagh-fir lee

'How perfect You are O All ah, our Lord and I praise You . O Allah, forgive me.'

Subboo <u>h</u>un quddoos, rabbul -mal<u>a</u>-ikati warroo <u>h</u>.

'Perfect and Holy (He is), Lord of the angles and the *Rooh* (i.e. Jibra-eel).'

Allahumma laka rakaAAt, wabika amant, walaka aslamt, khashaAAa laka samAAee, wabasaree, wamukhkhee, waAAa thmee, waAAa sabee, wamas -taqalla bihi qadamee . 'O Allah, unto You I have bowed, and in You I have believed, and to You I have submitted. My hearing, sight, mind, bones, tendons and what my feet carry are humbled before You .'

Subhana thil-jabaroot, walmalakoot, walkibriy a/, walAAa thamah.

'How perfect He is, The Possessor of total power, sovereignty, magnificence and grandeur.'

1.4. Upon rising from the bowing posision (Υ^A)

سَمِعَ اللهُ لِمَنْ حَمِدَه.

SamiAAal -lahu liman hamidah

'May Allah answer he who praises Him .'

This supplication is to be made while rising.

Rabbana walakal-hamdu hamdan katheeran tayyiban mub arakan feeh.

'Our Lord, for You is all praise, an abundant bea utiful blessed praise .'

Mil-as-sam<u>a</u>w<u>a</u>ti wamil-al-ar<u>d</u>, wam<u>a</u> baynahum<u>a</u>, wamil/a m<u>a</u> shi/ta min shay-in baAAd, ahlath-than<u>a</u>-i walmajd, a <u>h</u>aqqu m<u>a</u> q<u>a</u>lal-AAabd, wakullun <u>a</u> laka AAabd . All<u>a</u>humma l<u>a</u> m<u>a</u>niAAa lim<u>a</u> aAA<u>t</u>ayt, wal<u>a</u> muAA<u>t</u>iya lim<u>a</u> manaAAt, wal <u>a</u> yanfaAAu thal-jaddi minkal-jad.

'The heavens and the Earth and all between them abound with Your praises, and all that You will abounds with Your praises . O Possessor of praise and majesty, the truest thing a slave has sai d (of You) and we are all Your slaves . O Allah, none can prevent what You have willed to bestow and none can bestow what You have willed to prevent, and no wealth or majesty can benefit anyone, as from You is all wealth and majesty.'

This supplication is made optionally only in conjunction with the previous one

14. Supplication whilst prostrating (sujood)

(٤1)

Sub<u>ha</u>na rabbiyal -aAAl<u>a</u>. (three times)
'How perfect my Lord is, The Most High .'(three times)

Subhanakal-lahumma rabban a wabihamdik, all ahummagh - fir lee.

'How perfect You are O All ah, our Lord, and I praise You . O Allah, forgive me .'

Subbohoon guddos, rabbul -mala-ikati warroo h.

'Perfect and Holy (He is), Lord of the angles and the Rooh (i.e. Jibra-eel).'

Allahumma laka sajadt, wabika amant, walaka aslamt, sajada wajhee lilla thee khalaqahu wa sawwarahu washaqqa samAAahu waba sarahu, tabarakal-lahu ahsanul-khaliqeen.

'O Allah, unto You I have prostrated and in You I have believed, and unto You I have submitted. My face has prostrated before He Who created it and fashioned it, and brought forth its faculties of hearing and seeing . Blessed is Allah, the Best of creators .'

Subhana thil-jabaroot, walmalakoot, walkibriy a/, walAAa thamah.

'How perfect He is, The Possessor of total power, sovereignty, magnificence and grandeur.'

All<u>a</u>hummagh -fir lee <u>th</u>anbee kullah, diqqahu wajillah, wa -awwalahu wa -<u>a</u>khirah, wa -AAal<u>a</u>niyyatahu wa -sirrah.

'O Allah, forgive me all of my sins, the small and great of them, the first and last of them, and the seen and hidden of them .'

Allahumma innee aAAoo thu biri daka min sa khatik, wa-bimuAA afatika min AAuqoobatik, wa-aAAoo thu bika mink, la ohsee than a-an AAalayk, anta kam a athnayta AAal a nafsik.

'O Allah, I take refuge within Your pleasure from Your displeasure and within Your pardon from Your punishment, and I take refuge i n You from You. I cannot enumerate Your praise, You are as You have praised Yourself \cdot .'

Y. Supplication between the two prostrations

رَبِّ اغْفِرْ لي ، رَبِّ اغْفِرْ لي .

Rabbigh-fir lee, rabbigh-fir lee.

'My Lord forgive me, My Lord forgive me .'

Allahummagh-fir lee, war \underline{h} amnee, wahdinee, wajburnee, waAA \underline{a} finee, warzuqnee warfaAAnee.

'O Allah, forgive me, have mercy upon me, guide me, enrich me, give me health, grant me sustenance and raise my rank .'

YY. Supplication when prostrating due to recitation of the Quran

Sajada wajhee lilla <u>th</u>ee khalaqahu washaqqa samAAahu waba <u>s</u>arahu bi<u>h</u>awlihi waquwwatih { tab araka Allahu ahsanu alkh aliqeen} .

'My face fell prostrate before He who created it and brought forth its faculties of hearing and seeing by His might and power .<< So Blessed is All ah, the best of creators. >>'

Allahummak-tub lee bih a AAindaka ajr a, wadaAA AAannee bih a wizra, wajAAalh a lee AAindaka thukhra, wataqabbalh a minnee kam a taqabbaltah a min AAabdika Dawood.

'O All \underline{a} h, record for me a reward for this (prostration), and remove from me a sin . Save it for me and accept it from me just as You had accepted it from Your servant Dawood.'

TY. The Tashahhud

Tashahhud: what one says in the sitting position in prayer ()

Attahiyyatu lillahi wassalawatu wattayyibat, assalamu AAalayka ayyuhan -nabiyyu warahmatul-lahi wabarakatuh, assalamu AAalayna waAAala AAibadil-lahis-saliheen. Ash-hadu an la ilaha illal-lah, wa-ashhadu anna Muhammadan AAabduhu warasooluh . 'At-tahiyyat is for Allah. All acts of worship and good deeds are for Him . Peace and the mercy and blessings of Allah be upon you O Prophet . Peace be upon us and all of Allah's righteous servants . I bear witness that none has the right to be worshipped except Allah and I bear witness that Muhammad is His slave and Messenger .'

At-tahiyyat: all words which indicate the glorification of All ah. His eternal existence, His perfection and His sovereignty .

Yr. Prayers upon the Prophet ﷺ after the tashahhud

اللهُمَّ صلِّ عَلَى مُحمَّد، وَعَلَى آلِ مُحمَّد، كَما صلَّيتَ عَلَى إِبْراهيمَ وَعَلَى آلَ إِبْراهيمَ وَعَلَى أَلْ إِبْراهيم، إِنَّكَ حَميدٌ مَجيد، وَعَلَى آلِ مُحمَّد، كَما باركْ عَلَى مُحمَّد، وَعَلَى آلِ مُحمَّد، كَما باركْتَ عَلَى إِبْراهيمَ وَعَلَى آلِ إِبْراهيم، إِنَّكَ حَميدٌ مَجيد.

Allahumma salli AAala Muhammad, wa-AAala ali Muhammad, kama sallayta AAala Ibraheema wa-AAala ali Ibraheem, innaka Hameedun Majeed, allahumma barik AAala Muhammad, wa-AAala ali Muhammad, kama barakta AAala Ibraheema wa-AAala ali Ibraheem, innaka Hameedun Majeed.

'O Allah, send prayers upon Mu hammad and the followers of Mu hammad, just as You sent prayers upon Ibr aheem and upon the followers of Ibr aheem. Verily, You are full of praise and majesty. O Allah, send blessings upon Mo hammad and upon the family of Muhammad, just as You sent blessings upon Ibr aheem and upon the family of Ibraheem. Verily, You are full of praise and majesty.'

send prayers: praise and exalt him in the highest and superior of gatherings: that of the closest angels to All $\underline{a}h$.

(al) has been translated in it 's broadest sense: some scholars are of the view that the meaning here is more specific and that it means: his # followers from among his family.

Allahumma salli AAala Muhammad wa -AAala azwajihi wathurriyyatihi kam a sallayta AAala ali Ibraheem, wabarik AAala Muhammad, wa -AAala azwajihi wathurriyyatih, kama barakta AAala ali Ibraheem. innaka Hameedun Majeed.

'O Allah, send prayers upon Mu hammad and upon the wives and descendants of Muhammad, just as You sent prayers upon the family of Ibr aheem, and send blessings upon Muhammad and upon the wives and descendants of Muhammad, just as You sent blessings upon the family of Ibr aheem. Verily, You are full of praise and majesty.'

Y & . Supplication said after the last tashahhud and before sahm

Allahumma innee aAAoo thu bika min AAa thabil-qabr, wamin AAa thabi jahannam, wamin fitnat il-mahya walmam at, wamin shari fitnatil -masee hid-dajjal.

'O Allah, I take refuge in You from the punishment of the grave, from the torment of the Fire, from the trials and tribulations of life and death and from the evil affliction of Al-Maseeh Ad-Dajial.'

Al-Masee \underline{h} Ad-Dajj \underline{a} l: among the great signs of the last hour and the greatest trials to befall mankind, which every Prophet has warned about . Most of mankind will follow

him. He will appear from Asbahan, Iran at the time when the Muslims will conquer Constantinople. He will be given special powers and will make the truth seem false and vice versa. He will claim to be righteous and then he will claim prophethood and finally, divinity. From his features is that he will be blind in his right eye which is a definite proof that contradicts his claim to be All ah as it is a sign of imperfection. The word *Kafir* will be written between his eyes which every believer, literate or illiterate will recognise.

(مَ) اللّهُمَّ إِنِّي أُعودُ بِكَ مِنْ عَذَابِ القَبْرِ ، وَأَعودُ بِكَ مِنْ فِثْنَةِ الْمَسِيحِ الدَّجَالَ ، وأَعودُ بِكَ مِنْ فِثْنَةِ الْمَسِيحِ الدَّجَالَ ، وأَعودُ بِكَ مِنْ الْمَأْتُم والمَعْرَم . اللّهُمَّ إِنِّي أُعودُ بِكَ مِنَ الْمَأْتُم والمَعْرَم . Allahumma innee aAAoo thu bika min AAa thabil-qabr, wa-aAAoo thu bika min fitnatil-masee hid-dajjal, wa-aAAoo thu bika min fitnatil -mahya walmamat. Allahumma innee aAAoo thu bika minal -ma/thami walmaghram .

'O Allah, I take refuge in You from the punishment of the grave, and I take refuge in You from the temptation and trial of Al -Maseeh Ad-Dajjal, and I take refuge in You from the trials and tribulations of life and death . O Allah, I take refuge in You from sin and debt .'

Allahumma innee \underline{th} alamtu nafsee \underline{th} ulman katheeran wal \underline{a} yaghfiru \underline{th} - \underline{th} unooba illa ant, faghfir lee maghfiratan min AAindik war \underline{h} amnee, innaka antal -Ghafoorur-Ra \underline{h} eem.

'O Allah, I have indeed oppressed my soul excessively and none can forgive sin except You, so forgive me a forgiveness from Yourself and have mercy upon me Surely, You are The Most -Forgiving, The Most -Merciful.'

From Yourself: i.e. from Your innermost grace without deserving it and a forgiveness which is befitting to your tremendous generosity .

Allahummagh-fir lee ma qaddamtu, wam a akhkhart, wam a asrartu wam a aAAlant, wam a asraftt, wam a anta aAAlamu bihi minnee, antal -muqaddimu wa -antal-mu-akhkhiru la ilaha illa ant.

'O Allah, forgive me for those sins which have come to pass as well as those which shall come to pass, and those I have committed in secret as well as those I have made public, and where I have exceeded all bounds as well as those things about which You are more knowledgeable. You are *Al-Muqaddim* and *Al-Mu-akhkhir*. None has the right to be worshipped except You.'

Meaning of Al-Muqaddim and Al-Mu-akhkhir: Allah puts forward and favours whom He wills from amongst His creation just as He defers and holds back whom He wills in accordance to His wisdom . E.g. Favouring man over the rest of creation, favouring the Prophets over the r est of mankind, favouring Mu hammad over all the Prophets and Messengers ...etc.

Allahumma aAAinnee AAal a thikrik, washukrik, wa husni AAib adatik.

'O Allah, help me to remember You, to thank You, and to worship You in the best of manners.'

Allahumma innee aAAoo thu bika minal-bukhl, wa-aAAoo thu bika minal-jubn, wa-aAAoo thu bika min an oradda il a arthalil- AAumur, wa-aAAoo thu bika min fitnatid-dunya waAAa thabil-qabr.

'O Allah, I take refuge in You from miserliness and cowardice, I take refuge in You lest I be returned to the worst of lives "i.e. old age, being weak, incap able and in a state of fear", and I take refuge in You from the trials and tribulations of this life and the punishment of the grave.

Allahumma innee as -alukal-jannah, wa -aAAoo thu bika minan -nar.

'O Allah, I ask You to grant me Paradise and I take refuge in You from the Fire .'

اللهُمَّ يعِلْمِكَ الغَيْبِ وَقُدْرَتِكَ عَلَى الْخَلقِ أَحْيني ما عَلِمْتَ الحياةَ خَيْراً لي، اللهُمَّ يِغِلْمِكَ الغَيْبِ وَقُدْرَتِكَ في الغَيْبِ وَتَوَقَّني إذا عَلِمْتَ الوَفاةَ خَيْراً لي، اللهُمَّ إِنِّي أَسْأَلُكَ خَشْيَتَكَ في الغَيْبِ وَالشَّهادَةِ، وَأَسْأَلُكَ كَلِمَةَ الحَقِّ في الرِّضا وَالغَضَيَب، وَأَسْأَلُكَ القَصْدَ في الغِني وَالشَّهادَةِ، وَأَسْأَلُكَ المَّضِاء، وَأَسْأَلُكَ المَّفَّر، وَأَسْأَلُكَ المَّوْت، وَأَسْأَلُكَ لَدَّةَ النَّظر إلى وَجْهك بَعْدَ المَوْت، وَأَسْأَلُكَ لَدَّةَ النَّظر إلى وَجْهك وَالشَّوْقَ إلى اللهُمَّ زينِّنَا فَداةً مُهْتَدين.

Allahumma biAAilmikal -ghayb, waqudratika AAalal -khalq, ahyinee ma AAalimtalhayata khayran lee watawaffanee i tha AAalimtal-wafata khayran lee, allahumma innee as-aluka khashyataka fil -ghaybi washshah adah, wa-as-aluka kalimatal-haqqi firrida walghadab, wa-as-alukal-qasda fil-ghina walfaqr, wa-as-aluka naAAeeman la yanfad, wa-as-aluka qurrata AAaynin la tanqatiAA, wa-as-alukar-rida baAAdal-qada/, wa-as-aluka bardal-AAayshi baAAdal-mawt, wa-as-aluka laththatan-nathari ila wajhik, washshawqa ila liqa-ik fee ghayri darraa mudirrah, wala fitnatin mudillah, allahumma zayyinn a bizeen atil-eeman wajAAaln a hudatan muhtadeen .

'O Allah, by Your knowledge of the unseen and Your power over creation, keep me alive so long as You know such life to be good for me and take me if You know death to be better for me . O Allah, make me fearful of Yo u whether in secret or in public and I ask You to make me true in speech, in times of pleasure and anger . I ask you to make me moderate in times of wealth and poverty and I ask You for everlasting bliss and joy which will never cease .I ask You to make me pl eased with what You have decreed and for an easy life after death .I ask You for the sweetness of looking upon

Your Face and a longing to encounter You in a manner which does not entail a calamity which will bring about harm nor a trial which will cause dev iation. O Allah, beautify us with the adornment of faith and make us of those who guide and are rightly guided.'

(٦٣) اللهُمَّ إِنِّي أَسْأَلُكَ يا اللهُ بِأَنَّكَ الواحِدُ الأَحَد ،الصَّمَدُ الَّذي لَمْ يَلِدْ وَلَمْ يولَدْ، وَلَمْ يكنْ لَهُ كُفُواً أَحَد ، أَنْ تَعْفِرْ لي دُنوبي إِنَّكَ أَنْتَ الغَفورُ الرَّحِّيم .

Allahumma innee as -aluka ya Allah bi-annakal-wahidul-ahadus-samad, alla thee lam yalid walam yoolad, walam yakun lahu kufuwan a had, an taghfira lee thunoobee innaka antal -Ghafoorur -Raheem.

'O Allah, I ask You O Allah, as You are The One, The Only, <u>AS-Samad</u>, The One who begets not, nor was He begotten and there is none like unto Him that You forgive me my sins for verily You are The Oft -Forgiving, Most -Merciful.'

AS-Samad: The Self-Sufficient Master, Possessor of perfect attributes whom all of creation turn to in all their needs .

(٦٤) اللهُمَّ إِنِّي أَسْأَلُكَ بِأَنَّ لَكَ الْحَمْدُ لَا إِلهَ إِلاَّ أَنْتَ وَحْدَكَ لَا شَرِيكَ لَكَ الْمَنَّانُ يا بَدِيعَ السَّمُواتِ وَالأَرْضِ يا ذَا الجَلالِ وَالإِكْرِام، يا حَيُّ يا قَيّومُ إِنِّي أَسْأَلُكَ الجَنَّة وَأَعودُ بِكَ مِنَ النَّارِ.

Allahumma innee as -aluka bianna lakal -hamd, la ilaha illa ant wahdaka la shareeka lak, almann an, ya badeeAAas -samawati wal-ard, ya thal-jalali wal-ikram, ya hayyu ya qayyoom, innee as -alukal-jannah, wa -aAAoo thu bika minan -nar.

'O Allah, I ask You as unto You is all praise, none has the right to be worshipped except You, alone, without partner . You are the Benefactor . O Originator of the heavens and the Earth, O Possessor of majesty and honour, O Ever Living, O Self Subsisting and Supporter of all, ve rily I ask You for Paradise and I take refuge with You from the Fire .'

Allahumma inne as -aluka biannee ashhadu annaka antal -lah, la ilaha illa ant, al-ahadus-samad, alla thee lam yalid walam yoolad walam yakun lahu kufuwan a had.

'O Allah, I ask You, as I bear witness that You are All ah, none has the right to be worshipped except You, The One, $A\underline{S}$ - \underline{S} amad Who begets not nor was He begotten and there is none like unto Him.'

 $A\underline{S}$ - \underline{S} amad: The Self-Sufficient Master, Possessor of perfect attributes whom all of creation turn to in all their needs .

Yo. Remembrance after salam

(77)

أَسْتَغْفِرُ الله . (تَلاثاً) اللهُمَّ السَّلام ، تَبارَكْتَ يا ذا الجَلالِ وَالإِكْر ام . اللهُمَّ أَنْتَ السَّلامُ ، وَمِثْكَ السَّلام ، تَبارَكْتَ يا ذا الجَلالِ وَالإِكْر ام .

Astaghfirul -lah (three times)

Allahumma antas -salam waminkas -salam, tabarakta ya thal-jalali wal-ikram.

'I ask Allah for forgivene ss.' (three times)

'O Allah, You are *As-Salam* and from You is all peace, blessed are You, O Possessor of majesty and honour .'

AS-Salam: The One Who is free from all defects and deficiencies

(⁷⁷)

La ilaha illal-lahu wahdahu la shareeka lah, lahul -mulku walahul -hamd, wahuwa AAala kulli shayin qadeer, all ahumma la maniAAa lima aAAtayt, wala muAAtiya lima manaAAt, wala yanfaAAu thal-jaddi minkal -jad.

'None has the right to be worshipped except All ah, alone, without partner, to Him belongs all sovereignty and praise and He is over all things omnipotent .O Allah, none can prevent what You have willed to bestow and none can bestow what You have willed to prevent, and no wealth or majesty can benefit anyone, as from You is all wealth and majesty.'

(٦٨) لا إله إلا الله، وحدَهُ لا شريكَ لهُ، لهُ الملكُ ولهُ الحَمد، وهو َ على كلّ شيءٍ قدير، لا حَولٌ وَلا قوّة إلا بيالله، لا إله إلا الله، ولا نَعْبُدُ إلا إيّاه، لهُ النّعْمَةُ ولَهُ الفَضلُ ولَهُ الثّناءُ الحَسن، لا إله إلا اللهُ مخلِصينَ لهُ الدّينَ ولَوْ كَرِهَ الكافِر ون .

La ilaha illal-lah, wahdahu la shareeka lah, lahul -mulku walahul -hamd, wahuwa AAala kulli shayin qadeer . la hawla wala quwwata illa billah, la ilaha illal-lah, wala naAAbudu illa iyyah, lahun -niAAma tu walahul -fadl walahuth -thana-ol-hasan, la ilaha illal-lah mukhli seena lahud -deen walaw karihal -kafiroon.

'None has the right to be worshipped except All $\underline{a}h$, alone, without partner, to Him belongs all sovereignty and praise and He is over all things omnip otent. There is no might nor power except with All $\underline{a}h$, none has the right to be worshipped except All $\underline{a}h$ and we worship none except Him . For Him is all favour, grace, and glorious praise . None has the right to be worshipped except All $\underline{a}h$ and we are sincere in faith and devotion to Him although the disbelievers detest it .'

Sub<u>ha</u>nal-lah wal<u>h</u>amdu lillah, wallahu akbar (thirty-three times).

La ilaha illal-lahu wahdahu la shareeka lah, lahul -mulku walahul -hamd, wahuwa AAala kulli shayin qadeer .

'How perfect All $\underline{a}h$ is, all praise is for All $\underline{a}h$, and All $\underline{a}h$ is the greatest .' (thirty-three times)

'None has the right to be worshipped except All $\underline{a}h$, alone, without partner, to Him belongs all sovereignty and praise and He is over all things omnipotent .'

 $(Y \cdot)$

The following three chapters should be recited once after <u>Thuhr</u>, AAa<u>s</u>r and AAisha prayers and thrice after Fajr and Maghrib.

{Qul huwa All ahu ahad...} [Al-Ikhlas]

{Qul aAAoo thu birabbi alfalaq} [Al-Falaq]

{Qul aAAoo thu birabbi a Innas....} [An-Nas]

(Y1)

It is also from the sunnah to recite the verse of the Footstool (Ayat-Al-Kursiy) after each prayer:

{Allahu la ilaha illa huwa alhayyu alqayyoomu la ta/khuthuhu sinatun wala nawm...}
[Al-Baqarah: ۲۰۰]

La ilaha illal-lahu wahdahu la shareeka lah, lahul -mulku walahul -hamd, yuhyee wayumeet, wahuwa AAal a kulli shayin qadeer .(ten times after the maghrib & fajr prayers) 'None has the right to be worshipped except All ah, alone, without partner, to Him belongs all sovereignty an d praise, He gives life and causes death and He is over all things omnipotent .'

(ten times after the maghrib and fajr prayers)

Allahumma innee as -aluka AAilman n afiAAan, warizqan tayyiban, waAAamalan mutaqabbalan .(after salam from fajr prayer).

'O Allah, I ask You for knowledge which is beneficial and sustenance which is good, and deeds which are acceptable .'

(To be said after giving salam for the fajr prayer)

Y7. Supplication for seeking guidance in forming a decision or choosing the proper course...etc (Al-Istikharah)

On the authority of Jabir Ibn AAabdullah , he said: The Prophet would instruct us to pray for guidance in all of our concerns, just as he would teach us a chapter from the Quran. He would say If any of you intends to undertake a matter then let him pray two supererogatory units (two rakAAah nafilah) of prayer and after which he should supplicate:

اللهُمَّ إِنِّي أَسْتَخيرُكَ يعِامِكِ، وَأَسْتَقْدِرُكَ يِقُدْرَتِك، وَأَسْأَلُكَ مَنْ فَصْلِكَ العَظيم، فَإِنَّكَ تَقْدِرُ وَلا أَقْدِر، وَتَعْلَمُ وَلا أَعْلَم، وَأَنْتَ عَلامُ الغُيوب، اللهُمَّ إِنْ كُنْتَ تَعْلَمُ أَنَّ هذا الأَمْر وَيُسَمِّي حاجَتَه - خَيْرٌ لي في ديني ومَعاشي وعاقِبَةِ أَمْري، فَاقَدُرْهُ لي وَيَسِّرْهُ لي ثمَّ بارك لي فيه، وَإِنْ كُنْتَ تَعْلَمُ أَنَّ هذا الأَمْر شَر لي في

Allahumma innee astakheeruka biAAilmik, wa -astaqdiruka bi qudratik, wa -as-aluka min fadlikal-AAa<u>th</u>eem, fa-innaka taqdiru wal a aqdir, wataAAlamu wal a aAAlam, wa-anta AAallamul ghuyoob, allahumma in kunta taAAlamu anna h athal-amr (say your need) khayrun lee fee deenee wamaAA ashee waAAaqibati amree faqdurhu lee, wayassirhul lee, thumma barik lee feeh, wa -in kunta taAAlamu anna hathal-amr sharrun lee fee deenee wamaAAashee waAAaqibati amree fasrifhul AAannee wasrifnee AAanh, waqdur liyal -khayra haythulkan, thumma ar dinee bih.

'O Allah, I seek Your counsel by Your knowle dge and by Your power I seek strength and I ask You from Your immense favour, for verily You are able while I am not and verily You know while I do not and You are the Knower of the unseen . O Allah, if You know this affair *-and here he mentions his need-* to be good for me in relation to my religion, my life, and end, then decree and facilitate it for me, and bless me with it, and if You know this affair to be ill for me towards my religion, my life, and end, then remove it from me and remove me from it, an d decree for me what is good wherever it be and make me satisfied with such .'

One who seeks guidance from his Creator and consults his fellow believers and then remains firm in his resolve does not regret, for All ah has said:

(wash awirhum fee al -amri fa -itha AAazamta fatawakkal AAal a Allah) (chapter verse) o)

"...and consult them in the affair . Then when you have taken a decision, put your trust in All ah..."

YV. Remembrance said in the morning and evening

(as-sabah) translated *morning*: after Fajr prayer until the sun rises, (al-masa/) translated *evening*: after AA sr prayer until the sunsets, however some scholars say : after the sunsets and onwards .

(Yo)

In the evening:

أَمْسَيْنا وَأَمْسَى الملكُ لله وَالحَمدُ لله ، لا إله إلا الله وَحدَهُ لا شَريكَ له ، له المُلكُ وله الحَمْد، وهُوَ على كلّ شَيءٍ قدير ، رَبِّ أَسْأَلُكَ خَيرَ ما في هذهِ اللَّيْلةِ وَخَيرَ ما بَعْدَها ، رَبِّ أَعودُبكَ مِن الْكَسَلِ بَعْدَها ، رَبِّ أَعودُبكَ مِن الْكَسَلِ وَسَوءِ الْكِبَر ، رَبِّ أَعودُبكَ مِن عَذابِ في النّارِ وعَذابِ في القَبْر .

Amsayn<u>a</u> wa-amsal-mulku lill<u>ah</u> wal<u>h</u>amdu lill<u>ah</u> l<u>a</u> il<u>a</u>ha illal-l<u>a</u>h, wa<u>h</u>dahu l<u>a</u> shareeka lah, lahul -mulku walahul -<u>h</u>amd, wahuwa AAal <u>a</u> kulli shayin qadeer, rabbi as -aluka khayra m<u>a</u> fee h<u>ath</u>ihil-laylah, wakhayra m<u>a</u> baAAdah<u>a</u>, wa-aAAoo<u>th</u>u bika min sharri h<u>ath</u>ihil-laylah, washarri m<u>a</u> baAAdah<u>a</u>, rabbi aAAoo <u>th</u>u bika minal-kasal, wasoo-il kibar, rabbi aAAoo <u>th</u>u bika min AAa <u>tha</u>bin fin-n<u>a</u>r, waAAa <u>tha</u>bin fil-qabr. 'We have reached the evening and at this very time unto All <u>a</u>h belongs all sovereignty, and all praise is for All <u>a</u>h. None has the right to be worshipped except All<u>a</u>h, alone, without partner, to Him belongs all sovereignty an d praise and He is over all things omnipotent . My Lord, I ask You for the good of this night and the good of what follows it and I take refuge in You from the evil of this night and the evil of what

follows it. My Lord, I take refuge in You from laziness and senility. My Lord, I take refuge in You from torment in the Fire and punishment in the grave .'

... likewise, one says in the morning:

Asbahna wa-asbahal-mulku lill ah....

'We have reached the morning and at this very time unto All $\underline{a}h$ belongs all sovereignty ...'

Allahumma bika a \underline{s} ba \underline{h} na wabika amsayn \underline{a} , wabika na \underline{h} ya ,wabika namootu wa -ilaykan-nushoor.

'O Allah, by your leave we have reached the morning and by Your leave we have reached the evening, by Your leave we live and die and unto You is our resurrection.' *In the evening*:

Allahumma bika amsayn a, wabika a sbahna, wabika na hya wabika namootu wa ilaykal-maseer.

'O Allah, by Your leave we have reached the evening and by Your leave we have reached the morning, by Your leave we live and die and unto You is our return .'

(٧٧) اللهمَّ أنْتَ رَبِّي لا إله إلا أنْتَ ، خَلَقْتَني وَأَنا عَبْدُك ، وَأَنا عَلى عَهْدِكَ وَوَعْدِكَ ما اللهمَّ أنْتَ ، أَعودُبكَ مِنْ شَرِّ ما صَنَعْت ، أبوءُ لَكَ بِنِعْمَتِكَ عَلَيَّ وَأَبوءُ بِذَنْبي فَاعْقِرْ لي فَإِنَّهُ لا يَغْفِرُ الدُّنوبَ إلا أنْتَ .

Allahumma anta rabbee l a ilaha illa ant, khalaqtanee wa -ana AAabduk, wa -ana AAala AAahdika wawaAAdika mas -tataAAt, aAAoo thu bika min sharri m a sanaAAt, aboo -o laka biniAAmatika AAalay, wa -aboo-o bithanbee, faghfir lee fa -innahu la yaghfiru th-thunooba illa ant.

'O Allah, You are my Lord, none has the right to be worshipped except You, You created me and I am Y our servant and I abide to Your covenant and promise as best I can, I take refuge in You from the evil of which I have committed . I acknowledge Your favour upon me and I acknowledge my sin, so forgive me, for verily none can forgive sin except You .'

Allahumma innee a sbahtu oshhiduk, wa -oshhidu hamalata AAarshik, wamal a-ikatak, wajameeAAa khalqik, annaka antal -lahu la ilaha illa ant, wahdaka la shareeka lak, wa -anna Muhammadan AAabduka warasooluk (four times in the morning & evening).

'O Allah, verily I have reached the morning and call on You, the bearers of Your throne, Your angles, and all of Your creation to witness that You are All ah, none has the right to be worshipped except You, alone, without partner and that Mu hammad is Your Servant and Messenger.'

(four times in the morning and evening .)

Note: for the evening, one reads (amsaytu) instead of (asbahtu).

Allahumma ma asbaha bee min niAAmatin, aw bi -ahadin min khalqik, faminka wahdaka la shareeka lak, falakal -hamdu walakash -shukr.

'O Allah, what blessing I or any of Your creation have risen upon, is from You alone, without partner, so for You is all praise and unto You all thanks .'

... whoever says this in the morning has indeed offered his day's thanks and whoever says this in the evening has indeed offered his night's thanks.

Note: for the evening, one reads (amsa) instead of (asbaha).

All<u>a</u>humma AA <u>a</u>finee fee badanee, all <u>a</u>humma AA <u>a</u>finee fee samAAee, all <u>a</u>humma AA <u>a</u>finee fee ba <u>s</u>aree, l<u>a</u> il<u>a</u>ha ill<u>a</u> ant.(three times).

Allahumma innee aAAoo thu bika minal-kufr, walfaqr, wa -aAAoo thu bika min AAatha bil-qabr, la ilaha illa ant (three times).

- 'O Allah, grant my body health, O All ah, grant my hearing health, O All ah, grant my sight health. None has the right to be worshipped except You .' (three times)
- 'O All \underline{a} h, I take refuge with You from disbelief and poverty, and I take refuge with You from the punishment of the grave . None has the right to be worshipped except You.' (three times)

<u>H</u>asbiyal-lahu la ilaha illa huwa, AAalayhi tawakkalt, wahuwa rabbul -AAarshil-AAa<u>th</u>eem (seven times morning & evening)

'Allah is Sufficient for me, none has the right to be worshipped except Him, upon Him I rely and He is Lord of the exalted throne .'
(seven times morning and evening)

aAAoo \underline{th} u bikalim \underline{a} til-l \underline{a} hit-t \underline{a} mm \underline{a} ti min sharri m \underline{a} khalaq. (three times in the evening). 'I take refuge in All \underline{a} h's perfect words from the evil He has created .' (three times in the evening)

 $(\Lambda \Upsilon)$

اللهُمَّ إِنِّي أَسْأَلُكَ الْعَقْوَ وَالْعَافِيةَ فِي الدُّنْيا وَالْآخِرَةَ ، اللّهُمَّ إِنِّي أَسْأَلُكَ الْعَقْوَ وَالْعَافِيةَ فِي ديني وَدُنْيايَ وَأَهْلي وَمالي ، اللّهُمَّ اسْتُرْ عوْر اتي وَآمِنْ رَوْعاتي ، اللّهُمَّ اسْتُرْ عوْر اتي وَآمِنْ وَعَاتي ، اللّهُمَّ احْفَظْنِي مِن بَين يَدَيَّ وَمِن خَلْفي وَعَن يَميني وَعَن شِمالي ، وَمِن فَوْقي ، وَأَعودُ بِعَظَمَ تِكَ أَن أَعْتالَ مِن تَحْتى .

Allahumma innee as -alukal-AAafwa walAA afiyah, fid-dunya wal-akhirah, allahumma innee as -alukal-AAafwa walAA afiyah fee deenee, waduny aya wa-ahlee, wamalee, allahummas-tur AAawratee, wa-amin rawAAatee, allahummah-fathnee min bayni yaday, wamin khalfee, waAAan yameenee, waAAan shim alee, wamin fawqee, wa-aAAoothu biAAathamatika an oght ala min tahtee.

'O Allah, I ask You for pardon and well -being in this life and the next . O Allah, I ask You for pardon and well -being in my religious and worldly affairs, and my family and my wealth . O Allah, veil my weaknesses and set at ease my dismay \cdot O Allah, preserve me from the front and from behind and on my right and on my left and from above, and I take refuge with You lest I be sw allowed up by the earth \cdot '

(١٤) اللّهُمَّ عالِمَ الغَيْبِ وَالشّهادَةِ فاطِرَ السّماواتِ وَالأرْضِ رَبَّ كُلِّ شَيءٍ وَمَليكَه، اللّهُمَّ عالِمَ الغَيْبِ وَالشَّيْطانِ وَشَرِرْكِه، أَشْهَدُ أَنْ لا إله َ إلا أَنْت، أَعودُ بِكَ مِن شَرِّ نَقْسي وَمِن شَرِّ الشَّيْطانِ وَشِرْكِه، وَأَنْ أَقْتَرِفَ عَلَى نَقْسي سوءاً أَوْ أَجُرَّهُ إلى مُسْلِم.

Allahumma AA alimal-ghaybi washshah adah, fatiras-samawati wal-ard, rabba kulli shayin wamaleekah, ashhadu an 1 a ilaha illa ant, aAAoo thu bika min sharri nafsee wamin sharrish -shaytani washi rkih, waan aqtarifa AAal a nafsee soo -an aw ajurrahu il a muslim.

'O Allah, Knower of the unseen and the seen, Creator of the heavens and the Earth, Lord and Sovereign of all things, I bear witness that none has the right to be worshipped except You. I take refuge in You from the evil of my soul and from the evil and *shirk* of the devil, and from committing wrong against my soul or bringing such upon another Muslim.'

shirk: to associate others with All $\underline{a}h$ in those things which are specific to Him . This can occ ur in (1) belief, e.g. to believe that other than All $\underline{a}h$ has the power to benefit or harm, (7) speech, e.g. to swear by other than All $\underline{a}h$ and (7) action, e.g. to bow or prostrate to other than All $\underline{a}h$.

Bismil-lahil-lathee la yadurru maAAas-mihi shay-on fil-ardi wala fis-sama-i wahuwas-sameeAAul-AAaleem. (three times).

'In the name of All <u>ah</u> with whose name nothing is harmed on earth nor in the he avens and He is The All -Seeing, The All -Knowing.' (three times)

Radeetu bill ahi rabban wabil -islami deenan wabiMu hammadin anabiyya. (three times) 'I am pleased with All ah as a Lord, and Islam as a religion and Mu hammad as a Prophet.' (three times)

Sub<u>ha</u>nal-l<u>a</u>hi wabi<u>h</u>amdih, AAadada khalqihi wari <u>da</u> nafsih, wazinata AAarshih, wamidada kalimatih.(three times).

'How perfect All ah is and I praise Him by the number of His creation and His pleasure, and by the weight of His throne, and the ink of His words .'(three times)

Sub<u>ha</u>nal-lahi wabi <u>h</u>amdih. (one hundred times)

'How perfect All ah is and I praise Him .'(one hundred times)

 $Y\underline{a} \ \underline{h}$ ayyu y \underline{a} qayyoom, bira \underline{h} matika astagheeth, a \underline{slih} lee sha/nee kullah, wal \underline{a} takilnee ila nafsee tarfata AAayn .

'O Ever Living, O Self-Subsisting and Supporter of all, by Your mercy I seek assistance, rectify for me all of my affairs and do not leave me to myself, eve n for the blink of an eye.'

La ilaha illal-lah, wahdahu la shareeka lah, lahul -mulku walahul -hamd, wahuwa AAala kulli shay -in qadeer. (one hundred times)

'None has the right to be worshipped except All <u>a</u>h, alone, without partner, to Him belongs all sovereignty and praise, and He is over all things omnipotent .' (one hundred times every day)

Asbahna wa-asbahal-mulku lillahi rabbil-AAalameen, allahumma innee as -aluka khayra hathal-yawm, fat -hahu, wana srahu, wanoorahu, wabarakatahu, wahud ahu, wa-aAAoo thu bika min sharri ma feehi, washarri ma baAAdah.

'We have reached the morning and at this very time all sovereignty belongs to All ah. Lord of the worlds. O Allah, I ask You for the good of this day, its triumphs and its victories, its light and its blessings and its guidance, and I take refuge in You from the evil of this day and the evil that follows it .'

For the evening, the supplication is read as follows:

أَمْسَيْنا وَأَمْسَى المُلكُ شِهِ رَبِّ العالمين ، اللهُمَّ إِنِّي أَسْأَلُكَ خَيْرَ هذهِ اللَّيْلة ، فَتْحَها ، وَنَصْرَها ، وَنورَها وَبَركَتَها ، وَهُداها ، وَأَعودُ بِكَ مِنْ شَرِّ ما فَيها وَشَرِّ ما بَعْدَها .

Amsayn <u>a</u> wa-amsal-mulku lill <u>a</u>hi rabbil-AA<u>a</u>lameen, all <u>a</u>humma innee as -aluka khayra h<u>ath</u>ihil-laylah, fat -<u>h</u>ah<u>a</u>, wana <u>s</u>rah<u>a</u>, wanoorah <u>a</u>, wabarakatah <u>a</u>, wahud <u>a</u>h<u>a</u>, wa-aAAoo thu bika min sharri m a feeha washarri m a baAAdah a.

'We have reached the evening and at this very time all sovereignty belongs to All $\underline{a}h$, Lord of the worlds . O All $\underline{a}h$, I ask You for the good of tonight, its triumphs and its victories, its light and its blessings and its guidance, and I take refuge in You from the evil of tonight and the evil that follows it .'

(97)

The messenger of Allah said: 'Whoever says in the morning:

'None has the right to be worshipped except All $\underline{a}h$, alone, without partner, to Him belongs all sovereignty and praise and He is over all things omnipotent .'

...has indeed gained the reward of freeing a slave from the children of Ism <u>a</u>AAeel, and ten of his sins are wiped away and he is raised ten degrees, and he has found a safe retreat from the devil until evening. Similarly, if he says it at evening time, he will be protected until the morning.'

Asbahna AAala fitratil-islam, waAAala kalimatil-ikhlas, waAAala deeni nabiyyin a Muhammad ** waAAala millati abeen a Ibraheem, haneefan musliman wam a kana minal-mushrikeen.

'We rise upon the *fitrah* of Islam, and the word of pure faith, and upon the religion of our Prophet Mu hammad and the religion of our forefather Ibr aheem, who was a Muslim and of true faith and was not of those who associate others with All ah.' *fitrah*: the religion of Isl am, the way of Ibr aheem ...

pure faith: the Shah ada.

Note: for the evening, one reads amsayn a instead of a sbahna.

(95)

'AAabdullah Ibn Khubaib said: 'The Messenger of Allah said to me 'Recite!' I replied 'O Messenger of Allah, what shall I recite?' he said 'Recite:

{Qul huwa All ahu ahad...} [Al-Ikhlas]

{Qul aAAoo thu birabbi alfalaq } [Al-Falaq]

{Qul aAAoo thu birabbi a Innas.....} [An-Nas]

...in the evening and the morning three times for it will suffice you of all else.'

Th. Remembrance before sleeping

(90)

'When retiring to his bed every night, the Prophet ** would hold his palms together, spit (A form of spitting comprising mainly of air with little spittle) in them, recite the last three chapters (Al-Ikhlas, Al-Falaq, An-Nas) of the Quran and then wipe over his entire body as much as possible with his hands, beginning with his head and face and then all parts of the body, he would do this three times.'

(97)

The Prophet # also said: 'When you are about to sleep recite ayat-al-kursee (The verse of the foot-stool, chapter 'Y: Yoo) till the end of the verse for there will remain over you a protection from Allah and no devil will draw near to you until morning.'

(9Y)

The Prophet salso said: 'Whoever recites the last two verses of Soorat Al-Baqarah at night, those two verses shall be sufficient for him (i.e. protect him from all that can cause him harm).'

(Amana a Irrasoolu bim <u>a</u> onzila ilayhi min rabbihi wa **a**lmu/minoona)
[Al-Baqarah: ۲۸٥-۲۸٦]

(91)

'If one of you rises from his bed and then returns to it he should dust it with the edge of his garment three times for he does not know what has occurred in his absence and when he lies down he should supplicate:

Bismika rabbee wa <u>d</u>aAAtu janbee wabika arfaAAuh, fa -in amsakta nafsee far <u>h</u>amh<u>a</u>, wa-in arsaltah a fahfa*th*ha bima tahfa*th*u bihi AAib adakas-saliheen.

'In Your name my Lord, I lie down and in Your name I rise, so if You should take my soul then have mercy upon it, and if You should return my soul then protect it in the manner You do so with Your righteous servants .'

All<u>a</u>humma innaka khalaqta nafsee wa -anta tawaff <u>aha</u>, laka mam <u>a</u>tuh<u>a</u> wama <u>h</u>y<u>a</u>h<u>a</u> in a<u>h</u>yaytah<u>a</u> fa<u>h</u>fa \underline{th} ha, wa-in amattah <u>a</u> faghfir lah <u>a</u>. All<u>a</u>humma inn ee as-alukal-AAafiyah.

'O Allah, verily You have created my soul and You shall take it 's life, to You belongs it's life and death. If You should keep my soul alive then protect it, and if You should take it's life then forgive it. O Allah, I ask You to grant me good health.'

 $(1 \cdots)$

The Prophet *would place his right hand under his cheek when about to sleep and supplicate:

Allahumma qinee AAa thabaka yawma tabAAathu AAib adak. (three times).

'O Allah, protect me from Your punishment on the day Your servants are resurrected.' (three times)

$$(1 \cdot 1)$$

بِاسْمِكَ اللَّهُمَّ أموتُ وَأَحْيا.

Bismikal-lahumma amootu wa -ahya. 'In Your name O All ah, I live and die .'

 $(1\cdot 7)$

'Shall I not direct you both (The Prophet # was addressing Ali and Fatimah-may Allah be pleased with them- when they approached him for a servant) to something better than a servant? When you go to bed say:

Subhanal-lah. (thirty-three times)

'How Perfect All ah is.' (thirty-three times)

Alhamdu lill ah. (thirty-three times)

'All praise is for All ah.' (thirty-three times)

Allahu akbar. (thirty-four times)

'Allah is the greatest .' (thirty-four times)

...for that is indeed better for you both than a servant .'

اللهُمَّ رَبَّ السّمواتِ السَّبْعِ وَرَبَّ الْعَرْشِ الْعَظْيِمِ ، رَبَّنا وَرَبَّ كُلِّ شَيء ، فالِقَ الْحَبِّ وَالْنَّجِيل ، والْفُرْقان ، أعودُ بِكَ مِن شَرِّ كُلِّ شَيءٍ أَنْتَ الْأُوَّلُ قَلْيسَ قَبْلُكَ شَيء ، وَأَنْتَ الْأُوَّلُ قَلْيسَ قَبْلُكَ شَيء ، وَأَنْتَ الْأَوْلُ قَلْيسَ قَبْلُكَ شَيء ، وَأَنْتَ الْباطِنُ الْآخِرُ فَلْيسَ بَعْدَكَ شَيء ، وَأَنْتَ الْباطِنُ قَلْيسَ فَوْقَكَ شَيء ، وَأَنْتَ الْباطِنُ قَلْيسَ دُونَكَ شَيء ، وَأَنْتَ الْباطِنُ قَلْيسَ دُونَكَ شَيء ، وَأَنْتَ الْباطِنُ قَلْيسَ دُونَكَ شَيء ، وَأَنْتَ الْباطِنُ الْفَقْر .

Allahumma rabbas -samawatis-sabAA, warabbal -AAarshil -AAa<u>th</u>eem, rabban a warabba kulli shay /, faliqal-habbi wannaw a, wamunazzilat -tawra, wal-injeel, walfurqan, aAAoo thu bika min sharri kulli shayin anta akhithun binasiyatih. Allahumma antal -awwal, falaysa qablaka shay /, wa-antal-akhir, falaysa baAAdaka shay/, wa-antath-thahir falaysa fawqaka shay/, waantal-batin, falaysa doonaka shay/, iqdi AAannad -dayna wa -aghnin a minal-faqr.

'O Allah, Lord of the seven heavens and the exalted throne, our Lord and Lord of all things, Splitter of the seed and the date stone, Revealer of the *Tawrah*, the *Injeel* and the *Furqan*, I take refuge in You from the evil of all things You shall seize by the forelock (i.e. You have total mastery over). O Allah, You are The First so there is nothing before You and You are The Last so there is nothing after You. You are *Aththahir* so there is nothing above You and You are *Al-Batin* so there is nothing closer than You. Settle our debt for us and spare us from poverty.'

Tawrah: The book revealed to Moos a Mill.

Injeel: The book revealed to Eas a Will.

Furqan: One of the many names of the Qur \underline{a} n, means: The Criterion which distinguishes between truth and falsehood.

Aththahir: Indicates the greatness of His attributes and the insignificance of every single creation in respect to His greatness and Highness, for He is above all of His creation as regards His essence and attributes .

Al-Batin: Indicates His awareness and knowledge of all secrets, of that which is in the hearts and the most intimate of things just as it indicates Hi s closeness and nearness to all in a manner which befits His majesty.

(١٠٤) . وَآو انا، فَكَمْ مِمَّنْ لا كَافِيَ لَـهُ وَلا مُؤْوي. Alhamdu lillahil-lathee atAAamana wasaqana, wakafana, wa-awana, fakam mimman la kafiya lahu wal a mu/wee.

'All praise is for All $\underline{a}h$, Who fed us and gave us drink, and Who is sufficient for us and has sheltered us, for how many have none to suffice them or shelter them .'

Allahumma AA alimal-ghaybi washshah adah, fatiras-samawati wal-ard, rabba kulli shayin wamaleekah, ashhadu an la ilaha illa ant, aAAoo thu bika min sharri nafsee wamin sharrish -shaytani washirkih, wa -an aqtarifa AAala nafsee soo -an aw ajurrahu ila muslim.

'O Allah, Knower of the see n and the unseen, Creator of the heavens and the earth, Lord and Sovereign of all things I bear witness that none has the right to be worshipped except You. I take refuge in You from the evil of my soul and from the evil and *shirk* of the devil, and from c ommitting wrong against my soul or bringing such upon another Muslim.'

shirk: to associate others with All $\underline{a}h$ in those things which are specific to Him . This can occur in (1) belief, e.g. to believe that other than All $\underline{a}h$ has the power to benefit or harm, (7) speech, e.g. to swear by other than All $\underline{a}h$ and (7) action, e.g. to bow or prostrate to other than All $\underline{a}h$.

 $(1 \cdot 7)$

'The Prophet # never used to sleep until he had recited Soorat As-Sajdah (chapter (7)), and Soorat Al-Mulk (chapter (7)).'

 $(1 \cdot Y)$

'If you take to your bed, then perform ablution, lie on your right side and then supplicate:

All<u>a</u>humma aslamtu nafsee ilayk, wafawwa <u>d</u>tu amree ilayk, wawajjahtu wajhee ilayk, wa-alja/tu <u>th</u>ahree ilayk, raghbatan warahbatan ilayk, l <u>a</u> maljaa wal <u>a</u> manj<u>a</u> minka ill<u>a</u> ilayk, amantu bikit abikal-lathee anzalt, wabinabiyyikal -lathee arsalt.

'O Allah, I submit my soul unto You, and I entrust my affair unto You, and I turn my face towards You, and I totally rely on You, in hope and fear of You . Verily there is no refuge nor safe haven from You except with You . I believe in Your Book which You have revealed and in Your Prophet whom You have sent .'

...If you then die, you will die upon the fitrah.'

fitrah: the religion of Isl am, the way of Ibr aheem ...

$^{\Upsilon \P}$. Supplication when turning over during the night $({}^{\Upsilon }\cdot {}^{\Lambda })$

'AA \underline{a} -isha رضي الله عنها narrated that the Messenger of All \underline{a} h $\underline{*}$ used to say at night if he turned during sleep:

 $L\underline{a}$ il \underline{a} ha illal-l \underline{a} hul-w $\underline{a}\underline{h}$ idul-qahh \underline{a} r, rabbus-sam \underline{a} w \underline{a} ti wam \underline{a} baynahum \underline{a} , alAAazeezul-ghaffar.

'None has the right to be worshipped except All <u>ah</u>, The One, *AL-Qahhar*.Lord of the heavens and the Earth and all between them, The Exalted in Might, The Oft-Forgiving.'

AL-Qahhar: The One Who has subdued all of creation and Whom all of creation are subservient to . All movements occur by His will .

". Upon experiencing unrest, fear, apprehensiveness and the like during sleep

aAAoothu bikalimatil-lahit-tammat min ghadabih,waAAiqabih, washarri AAibadih, wamin hamazatish-shayateen, wa-an yahduroon.

'I take refuge in the p erfect words of All <u>ah</u> from His anger and punishment, and from the evil of His servants, and from the madness and appearance of devils .'

The Upon seeing a good dream or a bad dream

'The righteous dream is from Allah and the bad dream is from the devil, so if anyone sees something which pleases him then he should only relate it to one whom he loves...'

Summary of what to do upon having a bad dream:

Spit on your left three times

Spit: A form of spitting comprising mainly of air with little spittle

Seek refuge in Allah from shaytan and the evil of what you saw

Do not relate it to anyone

Turn and sleep on the opposite side to which you were sleeping on previously.

('')

Get up and pray if you so desire.

TY. Qunoot Al-Witr

*Al-Witr: Supplication made before or afte r bowing in the witr prayer (\)\)

اللهُمَّ اهْدِنِي فيمَنْ هَدَيْت، وَعافِنِي فيمَنْ عافَيْت، وَتَوَلَّنِي فيمَنْ تَوَلَّيْت، وَتَوَلَّنِي فيمَنْ تَوَلَّيْت، وَبِارِكْ لي فيما أعْطيْت، وَقِنِي شَرَّ ما قَضيَيْت، فَإِنَّكَ تَقْضي وَلا يُقْضى عَلَيْك، إِنَّهُ لا يَذِلُّ مَنْ واليَّت، [وَلا يَعِزُ مَن عادَيْت]، تَباركُت رَبَّنا وتَعالَيْت.

Allahummah-dinee feeman hadayt, waAA afinee feeman AA afayt, watawallanee feeman tawallayt, wab arik lee feema aAAtayt, waqinee sharra maqadayt, fa-innaka taqdee wala yuqda AAalayk, innahu la yathillu man walayt, [wala yaAAizzu man AAadayt], tabarakta rabban a wataAA alayt.

'O Allah, guide me along with those whom You have guided, pardon me along with those whom You have pardoned, be an ally to me along with those whom You are an ally to and bless for me th at which You have bestowed . Protect me from the evil You have decreed for verily You decree and none can decree over You . For surety, he whom you show allegiance to is never abased and he whom You take as an enemy is never honoured and mighty . O our Lord, Blessed and Exalted are You .'

Evil you have decreed: Allah does not create pure evil which does not have any good or contain any benefit, wisdom or mercy at all, nor does He punish anyone without having commited a sin. Something can be good in terms of its creation when viewed in a particular perspective and at the same time be evil when viewed in another way. Allah created the devil and by him, He tests His servants, so there are those who hate the devil, fight him and his way and they stand at enmity towar ds him and his followers and there are others who are at allegiance with the devil and follow his steps. So evil exists in His creatures by His will and wisdom, not in His actions or act of creating.

(۱۱۳) اللهُمَّ إِنِّي أُعودُ برضاكَ مِنْ سَخَطِك، ويَمُعافاتِكَ مِنْ عُقوبَتِك، وَأَعودُ بِكَ مِنْك، لا أُحْسى تَناءً عَلَيْك، أَنْتَ كَما أَثْنَيْتَ عَلى نَقْسِك.

All<u>a</u>humma innee aAAoo <u>th</u>u biri<u>da</u>ka min sakha <u>t</u>ik, wabimuAA <u>a</u>f<u>a</u>tika min AAuqoobatik, wa -aAAoo <u>th</u>u bika mink, l <u>a</u> o<u>hs</u>ee than <u>a</u>-an AAalayk, anta kam <u>a</u> athnayta AAal <u>a</u> nafsik.

'O Allah, I take refuge within Your pleasure from Your displeasure and within Your pardon from Your punishment, and I take refuge in You from You . I cannot enumerate Your praise . You are as You have praised Yourself .'

(١١٤) اللَّهُمَّ إِيّاكَ نَعْبُدْ، وَلَكَ نُصلِّي ونَسْجُد، وَإِلَيْكَ نَسْعي ونَحْفِد، نَرْجو رَحْمَتَك، وَنَخْشَى عَذَابَك، إِنَّ عَذَابَكَ بالكافرين ملْحَق. اللّهُمَّ إِنَّا نَسْتَعينُكَ ونَسْتَغْفِرُك، وَنَخْشَى عَذَابَك الْخَيْر، وَلا نَكْفُرُك، وَنُوْمِنُ بِك، وَنَخْضَعُ لَكَ وَنَخْلَعُ مَنْ يَكْفَرُك.

Allahumma iyy aka naAAbud, walaka nu sallee wanasjud, wa -ilayka nasAA a wana hfid, narjoo ra hmatak, wanakhsh a AAathabak, inna AAa thabaka bilk afireena mul haq. Allahumma inn a nastaAAeenuk, wana staghfiruk, wanuthnee AAalaykal - khayr, wal a nakfuruk, wanu /minu bik, wanakh daAAu lak wanakhlaAAu man yakfuruk .

'O Allah, it is You we worship, and unto You we pray and prostrate, and towards You we hasten and You we serve . We hope for Your mercy and fear Your punishment, verily Your punishment will fall upon the disbelievers .O Allah, we seek Your aid and ask Your pardon, we praise You with all good and do not disbelieve in You .We believe in You and submit unto You, and we disown and reject those who disbel ieve in You.

TT. Remembrance immediately after salam of the witr prayer

The Messenger of $All\underline{a}h \not\cong would$ recite (the following chapters) during the witr prayer:

(Sabbih isma rabbika al -aAAla) (... الأعْلى ...) الأعْلى ... (اللهُ الأعْلى ...) [Al-aAAla]

« Qul ya ayyuha alkafiroon» « شَلْ يَا أَيُّهَا الْكَافِرون »

[Al-kafiroon]

ر قُل هُو َ اللهُ أحد ﴾ « Qul huwa All ahu ahad ﴾

[Al-ikhlas]

...after giving salam he would supplicate three times:

سُبْحانَ المَلِكِ القُدّوس (ثلاث مرات)

Sub<u>ha</u>nal-malikil-quddoos.(three times).

'How perfect The King, The Holy One is .' (three times)

...on the third time he would raise his voice, elongate it and add:

ربً الملائكةِ و الرّوح Rabbil-mala-ikati warroo h.

'Lord of the angles and the Roo \underline{h} (i.e. Jibra-eel).

₹4. Supplication for anxiety and sorrow

اللّهُمَّ إِنِّي عَبْدُكَ ابْنُ عَبْدِكَ ابْنُ أَمَتِكَ نَاصِيتِي بِيَدِكَ، مَاضٍ فِيَّ حُكْمُكَ، عَدْلٌ فِيَّ قَضَاوَكَ أَسْأَلُكَ بِكُلِّ اسْمٍ هُوَ لَكَ سَمَّيْتَ بِهِ نَقْسَكَ أَوْ أَنْزَلْتَهُ فِي كِتَابِكَ، أَوْ عَلَمْتَهُ أَحَداً مِنْ خَلْقِكَ أَوِ اسْتَأْتُرْتَ بِهِ فِي عِلْمِ الْغَيْبِ عِبْدَكَ أَنْ تَجْعَلَ الْقُرْآنَ رَبِيعَ قَلْبِي، ونور صَدْري وجَلَاء حُزْنِي ودَهَابَ هَمِّي.

Allahumma innee AAabduk, ibnu AAabdik, ibnu ama tik, nasiyatee biyadik, madin fiyya hukmuk, AAadlun fiyya qa da-ok, as-aluka bikulli ismin huwa lak, sammayta bihi nafsak, aw anzaltahu fee kit abik, aw AAallamtahu a hadan min khalqik awis -ta/tharta bihi fee AAilmil -ghaybi AAindak, an tajAAalal -Qurana rabeeA Aa qalbee, wanoora sadree, wajal aa huznee wa thahaba hammee.

'O Allah, I am Your servant, son of Your servant, son of Your maidservant, my forelock is in Your hand (i.e. You have total mastery over), Your command over me is forever executed and Your decree over me is just . I ask You by every name belonging to You which You named Yourself with, or revealed in Your Book, or You taught to any of Your creation, or You have preserved in the knowledge of the unseen with You, that You make the Qur an the life of my heart and the light of my breast, and a departure for my sorrow and a release for my anxiety .'

Allahumma innee aAAoo thu bika minal-hammi wal huzn, walAAajzi walkasali walbukhli waljubn, wa dalAAid-dayni wagha labatir-rijal.

'O Allah, I take refuge in You from anxiety and sorrow, weakness and laziness, miserliness and cowardice, the burden of debts and from being over powered by men

7°. Supplication for one in distress

La ilaha illal-lahul-AAatheemul-haleem, la ilaha illal-lahu rabbul-AAarshil-AAatheem, la ilaha illal-lahu rabbus-samawati warabbul-ardi warabbul-AAarshil-kareem.

'None has the right to be worshipped except All ah Forbearing. None has the right to be worshipped except All ah, Lord of the magnificent throne. None has the right to be worshipped except All ah, Lord of the heavens, Lord of the Earth and Lord of the noble throne.'

Allahumma rahmataka arjoo fala takilnee ila nafsee tarfata AAayn, wa -aslih lee sha/nee kullah, la ilaha illa ant.

'O Allah, it is Your mercy that I hope for, so do not leave me in charge of my affairs even for a blink of an eye and rectify for me all of my affairs . None has the right to be worshipped except You .'

La ilaha illa anta sub hanaka innee kuntu mina *th-th*alimeen.

'None has the right to be worshipped except You . How perfect You are, verily I was among the wrong -doers.'

Allahu Allahu rabbi la oshriku bihi shaya.

'Allah, Allah is my Lord, I do not associate anything with Him .'

T. Upon encountering an enemy or those of authority (177)

Allahumma inn a najAAaluka fee nu hoorihim wanaAAoo thu bika min shuroorihim .

'O Allah, we place You before them and we take refuge in You from their evil

Allahumma anta AAa dudee, wa-anta na seeree, bika ajoolu wabika a soolu wabika oqatil.

'O Allah, You are my supporter and You are my helper, by You I move and by You I attack and by You I battle .'

Hasbunal-lahu waniAAmal -wakeel.

'Allah is sufficient for us, and how fine a trustee (He is).'

Υ V. Supplication for one afflicted with doubt in his faith (Υ)

He should seek refuge in Allah

He should renounce that which is causing such doubt.

(177)

He should say:

آمَنْتُ بِاللهِ و ر سُلِه.

Amantu bill ahi warusulih.

'I have believed in All ah and His Messenger .'

(177)

He should also recite the following verse:

《Huwa al-awwalu, wa al-akhiru, wa alththahiru wa albatinu wahuwa bikulli shayin AAaleem》.

'He is The First and The Last, *Aththahir* and *Al-Batin* and He knows well all things.' *Aththahir*: Indicates the greatness of His attributes and the insignificance of every single creation in respect to His greatness and Highness, for He is above all of His creation as regards His essence and attributes.

Al-Batin: Indicates His awareness and knowledge of all secrets, of that which is in the hearts and the most intimate of things just as it indicates His closeness and nearness to all in a manner which befits His majest y.

۳۸. Settling a debt

(111)

Allahummak-finee bi \underline{h} alalika AAan \underline{h} aramik, wa-aghninee bifa \underline{d} lika AAamman siw \underline{a} k. 'O Allah, make what is lawful enough for me, as opposed to what is unlawful, and spare me by Your grace, of need of others .'

Allahumma innee aAAoo thu bika minal-hammi walhuzn, walAAajzi walkasal, walbukhl, waljubn, wa dalAAid-dayni waghalabatir -rijal.

'O Allah, I take refuge in You from anxiety and sorrow, weakness and laziness, miserliness and cowardice, the burden of debts and from being over powered by men

Tq. Supplication for one afflicated by whisperings in prayer or recitation (177)

'othman Ibn Al-AAas and marrated: I said 'O Messenger of Allah, verily the devil comes between me and my prayer and recitation making me confused' The Messenger of Allah sereplied 'That is a devil called Khanzab, so if you sense his

presence then seek refuge in Allah from him and spit (A form of spitting comprising mainly of air with little spittle) on your left side three times.'

4. Supplication for one whose affairs have become difficult

Allahumma la sahla illa ma ja AAaltahu sahla, wa-anta taj AAalul -
 <u>h</u>azana in shi/ta sahla.

'O Allah, there is no ease except in that which You have made easy, and You mak the difficulty, if You wish, easy .'

in Upon committing a sin

'Any servant who commits a sin and as a result, performs ablution, prays two units of prayer (i.e. two rakAAas) and then seeks Allah's forgiveness, Allah would forgive him.'

EY. Supplication for expelling the devil and his whisperings

Seeking refuge from him.

(172)

The athan (call to prayer).

(150)

Recitation of the Quran and the authentic texts of remembrance and supplications. e.g. 'Do not make your homes like the graveyards, indeed the devils flee from the house in which soorat Al-Baqarah has been read' related by Muslim \(^\rightarrow^\eta\), also supplication and remembrance for the morning & evening, before sleep, when getting up, entering and leaving the toilet, entering and leaving the mosque, the recitation of ayat Al-kursiyy and the last two verses of soorat Al -Baqarah before sleeping, the athan...etc.

٤٣. Supplication when stricken with a mishap or overtaken by an affair

(177)

'The strong believer is better and more beloved to All ah, than the weak believer and there is goodness in both. Strive for that which will benefit you ,seek help from All ah and do not despair. If a mishap should happen to befall you then do not say 'If only I had acted ... such and such would have happened'. Rather, say:

قَدَّرَ اللهُ وَما شاءَ فَعَل إ

Qaddaral-lah, wama shaa faAAal.

'Allah has decreed and what He wills, He does .'

...for verily 'If' lets in the work of the devil.'

(174)

Indeed Allah is rebukes due to negligence and slackness, but take to determination and caution, and if a matter should overtake you then say:

حَسْبِيَ اللهُ وَنِعْمَ الوَكيل .

Hasbiyal-lah, waniAAmal-wakeel.

'Allah is sufficient for me, and how fine a trustee (He is).'

££. Placing childen under Alhh's protection

(1 mm)

Ibn $AAabb\underline{a}s$ related that the Messenger of $All\underline{a}h \not \cong used$ to commend $Al-\underline{H}asan$ and Al-Husayn to Allah's protection, saying:

OAAee<u>thukuma</u> bikalim<u>a</u>til-l<u>a</u>hit-t<u>a</u>mmah, min kulli shay <u>ta</u>nin wah <u>a</u>mmah, wamin kulli AAaynin l ammah.

'I commend you two to the protection of All <u>ah</u>'s perfect words from every devil, vermin, and every evil eye .'

¿o. When visiting the sick

(159)

When the Prophet *would enter upon a sick person, he would say:

لا بأسَ طُهورٌ إِنْ شُاءَ الله .

La ba/sa tahoorun in sh aal-lah.

'Never mind, may it (the sickness) be a purification, if All ah wills.'

(15.)

'Any Muslim servant who visits a sick person whose prescribed moment of death has not arrived and supplicates seven times:

Asalul-lahal-AAa*th*eem rabbal -AAarshil -AAa*th*eem an yashfeek (Ytimes).

'I ask All $\underline{a}h$ The Supreme, Lord of the magnificent throne to cure you '. ...he (the sick person) will be cured.'

٤٦. Excellence of visiting the sick

(121)

'Ali Ibn Abee <u>Talib</u> * related that he heard the Messenger of All <u>ah</u> * say: 'If a man calls on his sick Muslim brother, it is as if he walks reaping the fruits of Paradise until he sits, and when he sits he is showered in mercy, and if this was in the morning, seventy thousand angles send prayers upon him until the evening, and if this was in the evening, seventy thousand angles send prayers upon him until the morning.'

ξ V. Supplication of the sick who have renounced all hope of life $(Y \xi Y)$

Allahummagh -fir lee, war hamnee wa -alhiqnee birrafeeqil -aAAla.

'O Allah, forgive me, have mercy upon me and unite me with the higher companions .'
Refer to the Quran, chapter ξ , verse: 19.

(157)

AAaishah رضي الله عنها related that the Prophet # (during his illness in which he passed away) would dip his hands in water and then he would wipe his face and say: لَا إِلَهُ إِلًا اللهُ وِنَ لَسُكُر اتَ

La ilaha illal-lah, inna lilma wti lasakar at.

'None has the right to be worshipped except All ah, death does indeed contain agony .'

La ilaha illal-lah, wallahu akbar, la ilaha illal-lahu wahdah, la shareeka lah, la ilaha illal-lahu lahul-mulku walahul -hamd, la ilaha illal-lah, wala hawla wala quwwata illa billah.

'None has the right to be worshipped except All ah and All ah is the greatest .None has the right to be worshipped except All ah, alone .None has the right to be worshipped except All ah, alone, without partner .None has the right to be worshipped except All ah, to Him belongs all sovereignty and pra ise. None has the right to be worshipped except All ah and there is no might and no power except with All ah.'

٤٨. Instruction for the one nearing death

i.e. those around the sick should instruct and encourage him to say the shah \underline{a} dah. (150)

'He whose last words are:

لا اله الا الله

L<u>a</u> il<u>a</u>ha illal-l<u>a</u>h.

'None has the right to be worshipped except All <u>a</u>h.' ... will enter Paradise.'

in. Supplication for one afflicted by a calamity (157)

إِنَّا اللَّهِ وَإِنَا إِلْيُهِ رَاجِعُون ، اللَّهُمِّ اجُرْني في مُصيبَتي، وَاخْلُفْ لي خَيْراً مِنْهاً. Inna lillahi wa-inna ilayhi rajiAAoon, all ahumma/- jurnee fee mu seebatee wakhluf lee khayran minh a.

'To Allah we belong and unto Him is our return .O Allah, recompense me for my affliction and replace it for me with something better .'

••. When closing the eyes of the deceased (15)

All<u>a</u>hummagh -fir li-name the dead - warfaAA darajatahu fil -mahdiyyeen, wakhlufhu fee AAaqibihi fil -gh<u>a</u>bireen, waghfir lan <u>a</u> walahu y<u>a</u> rabbal-AA<u>a</u>lameen wafsa <u>h</u> lahu fee qabrih, wanawwir lahu feeh .

'O Allah, forgive -here the name of the deceased is mentioned - and raise his rank among the rightly guided, and be a successor to whom he has left behind, and forgive us and him O Lord of the worlds. Make spacious his grave and illuminate it for him.' A successor: one who succeeds another due to the latter 's absence or death. This is the correct meaning of the word *khaleefah*; thus, it is incorrect to believe that Adam is

the khaleefah (*vicegerent*, as is commonly translated) of Allah on earth because All ah is never absent, and will never die . This supplication proves t he correct understanding of this term and shows that All ah succeeds us and guards whom we leave behind when we die or are absent (also refer to supplication $\#^{\P A}$).

• \ . Supplication for the deceased at the funeral prayer $(1 \le A)$

اللهُمِّ اغْفِرْ لَهُ وَارْحَمْه ، وَعافِهِ وَاعْفُ عَنْه ، وَأَكْرِمْ ثُرُلُه ، وَوَسِّعْ مُدْخُلَه ، وَاغْسِلْهُ بِالْمَاءِ وَالثَّلْجِ وَالْبَرَدْ ، وَنَقِّهِ مِنَ الْخطايا كَما نَقَيْتَ التَّوْبُ الأَبْيَضُ مِنَ الْخطايا كَما نَقَيْتَ التَّوْبُ الأَبْيَضُ مِنَ الدَّنَسْ ، وَأَبْدِلْهُ داراً خَيْراً مِنْ داره ، وَأَهْلاَ خَيْراً مِنْ أَهْلِه ، وَزَوْجَا خَيْراً مِنْ رُوْجِه ، وَأَدْخِلُهُ الْجَنَّة ، وَأَعِدُهُ مِنْ عَذابِ القَبْرِ وَعَذابِ النَّار .

Allahummagh-fir lahu war hamh, waAA afihi, waAAfu AAanh, wa -akrim nuzulah, wawassiAA mudkhalah, waghsilhu bilm a-i waththalji walbarad, wanaqqihi minal -khataya kama naqqaytath-thawbal-abyada minad-danas, wa-abdilhu daran khayran min darih, wa-ahlan khayran min ahlih wazawjan khayran min zawjih, wa -adkhilhul-jannah, wa-aAAithhu min AAathabil-qabr, waAAa thabin-nar.

'O Allah, forgive and have mercy upon him, excuse him and pardon him, and make honourable his reception. Expand his entry, and cleanse him with water, snow, and ice, and purify him of sin as a white robe is purified of filth. Exchange his home for a better home, and his family for a better family, and his spouse for a better spouse Admit him into the Garden, protect him from the punishment of the grave and the torment of the Fire.'

اللهُمِّ اغْفِرْ لِحَيِّنا وَمَيِّتِنا وَشَاهِدِنا ، وَغَائِينا ، وَصَغيرِنا وَكَبيرِنا ، وَذَكَرِنا وَأَنْتَانا . اللهُمِّ مَنْ أَحْيَيْتَهُ مِنَّا فَتُوقَهُ عَلى الإسلام ،وَمَنْ تَوَقَيْتَهُ مِنَّا فَتَوَقَهُ عَلى الإيمان ، اللهُمِّ لا تَحْرِمْنا أَجْرَه ، وَلا تُضِلَّنا بَعْدَه .

Allahummagh-fir lihayyina wamayyitina washahidina, wagha-ibina, wasagheerina wakabeerina, wathakarina wa-onthana. Allahumma man ahyaytahu minna fa-ahyihi AAalal-islam, waman tawaffaytahu minna fatawaffahu AAalal-eeman, allahumma la tahrimna ajrah, wala tudillana baAAdah.

'O Allah, forgive our living and our dead, those present and those absent, our young and our old, our males and our females . O Allah, whom amongst us You keep alive, then let such a life be upon Isl \underline{a} m, and whom amongst us You t ake unto Yourself, then let such a death be upon faith . O Allah, do not deprive us of his reward and do not let us stray after him .'

(١٥٠) اللهُمِّ إِنَّ فُلانَ بْنَ فُلانٍ فِي ذِمَّ تِك ، و َحَبْل جِوارك ، فَقِهِ مِنْ فِثْنَةِ الْقَبْرِ و عَذَابِ اللهُمِّ إِنَّ فُلانَ بْنَ فُلانٍ فِي ذِمَّ تِك ، و َحَبْل جِوارك ، فَقِهِ مِنْ فِثْنَةِ الْقَبْرِ و عَذَابِ النَّالَ ، و َأَنْتَ الْعَفُورُ الرَّحيم . النِّال ، و َأَنْتَ الْعَفُورُ الرَّحيم . Allahumma inna -name the dead - fee thimmatik, wa habli jiwarik, faqihi min fitnatil - qabr waAAa thabin-nar, wa-anta ahlul-wafa/, walhaq, faghfir lahu war hamh, innaka

'O Allah, so-and-so is under Your care and protection so protect him from the trial of the grave and torment of the Fire . Indeed You are faithful and truthful . Forgive and have mercy upon him, surely You are The Oft -Forgiving, The Most -Merciful.'

antal-ghafoorur-raheem.

Allahumma AAabduka wabnu amatik, i <u>htaja</u> ila rahmatik, wa-anta ghaniyyun AAa n AAathabih, in kana muhsinan fazid fee hasanatih, wa-in kana museean fataj awaz AAanh.

'O Allah, Your servant and the son of Your maidservant is in need of Your mercy and You are without need of his punishment . If he was righteous then increase his reward and if he was wicked then look over his sins .'

• Y. Supplication for the advancement of reward during the funeral prayer

This supplication is made when the deceased is a baby /child (i.e. one not having reached the age of puberty).

(101)

After seeking forgiveness for the deceased, one can say:

Allahummaj-AAalhu fara tan, wa thukhran liw alidayh, washafee AAan muj aban. Allahumma thaqqil bihi maw azeenahum a wa-aAA thim bihi ojoorahum a, wa-alhiqhu bisa lihil-mu/mineen, wajAAalhu fee kaf alati Ibraheem, waqihi bira hmatika AAatha bal-jaheem.

'O Allah, make him a preceding reward and a stored treasure for his parents, and an answered intercessor. O Allah, through him, make heavy their scales and magnify their reward. Unite him with the righteous believers, place him under the care of Ibraheem, and protect him by Your mercy from the torment of Hell.'

(107)

Al- $\underline{\underline{H}}$ asan used to recite the opening chapter of the Quran (i.e. AL- $F\underline{a}$ ti $\underline{\underline{h}}$ ah) over the child and then supplicates:

Allahummaj -AAalhu lan a farata, wasalafan wa -ajra.

"O Allah, make him a preceding reward, a prepayment and a recompense for us

٥٣. Condolence

(105)

'Verily to All $\underline{a}h$, belongs what He took and to Him belongs what He gave, and everything with Him has an appointed time ...and then he $\frac{1}{8}$ ordered for her to be patient and hope for All $\underline{a}h$'s reward.'

The words (faltasbir walta htasib) are commands in the feminine person form, so they will need to be changed in respect to whom is being address ed.

...and one can also say:

aAAthamal-lahu ajrak, wa -ahsana AAazaak, waghafara limayyitik .

'May Allah magnify your reward, make better your solace and forgive your deceased.'

This is the saying of some of the scholars, *not* a hadeeth.

• • Placing the deceased in the grave

بستم اللهِ وَعَلى سُنَّةِ رَسولِ الله .

Bismil-lahi waAAal a sunnati rasoolil -lah.

'In the name of All ah and upon the sunnah of the Messenger of All ah.'

oo. After burying the deceased

(107)

'After the Prophet **would bury the deceased he would stand by the grave and say: 'Seek forgiveness for your brother and pray that he remains firm, for he is now being questioned'.'

٥٦. Visiting the graves

(10V)

Assalamu AAalaykum ahlad -diyari minal-mu/mineena walmuslimeen, wa -inna in shaal-lahu bikum lahiqoon, nas -alul-laha lana walakumul -AAafiyah.

'Peace be upon you all, O inhabitants of the graves, amongst the believers and the Muslims. Verily we will, All $\underline{a}h$ willing, be united with you, we ask All $\underline{a}h$ for well-being for us and you .'

• V. Prayer said during a wind storm

(10A)

Allahumma innee as -aluka khayrah a wa-aAAoo thu bika min sharrih a.

'O Allah, I ask You for it 's goodness and I take refuge with You from it 's evil.'

Allahumma innee as -aluka khayrah a wakhayra ma feeha, wakhayra ma orsilat bih, wa-aAAoo thu bika min sharrih a, washarri ma feeha washarri ma orsilat bih.

'O Allah, I ask You for it 's goodness, the good within it, and the good it was sent with, and I take refuge with You from it 's evil, the evil within it, and from the evil it was sent with.'

ه. Supplication upon hearing thunder

(17.)

When AAabdullah Ibn Az-Zubayr sused to hear thunder he would stop talking and say:

Subhanal-lathee yusabbi hur-raAAdu bi hamdih, walmal a-ikatu min kheefatih .

'How perfect He is, (The One) Whom the thunder declares His perfection with His praise, as do the angle s out of fear of Him.'

°9. Supplication for rain

(171)

Allahummas -qina ghaythan mugheethan maree -an mureeAAan, n afiAAan, ghayra dar, AAajilan ghayra ajil.

'O Allah, send upon us helpful, wholesome and healthy rain, beneficial not harmful rain, now, not later .'

Allahumma aghithn a, allahumma aghithn a, allahumma aghithn a.

'O Allah, relieve us, O All ah, relieve us, O All ah, relieve us.'

Allahummas -qi AAib adak, wabah a-imak, wanshur ra hmatak, wa -ahyi baladakal -mayyit.

'O Allah, provide water for Your servants and Your cattle, spread out Your mercy and resurrect Your dead land .'

. Supplication said when it rains

(175)

اللَّهُمَّ صيِّباً نافِعاً.

Allahumma sayyiban n afiAAa.

'O Allah, may it be a beneficial rain cloud .'

11. After rainfall

(170)

Mutirna bifadlil-lahi wara hmatih.

'We have been given rain by the grace and mercy of All ah.'

TY. Asking for clear skies

(177)

Allahumma \underline{h} awalayna wala AAalayna, allahumma AAalal - \underline{a} kami wa \underline{t} hth irab, wabu toonil -awdiyah, waman \underline{a} bitish -shajar.

'O Allah, let the rain fall around us and not upon us, O All ah, (let it fall) on the pastures, hills, valleys and the roots of trees .'

17. Upon sighting the crescent moon

(177)

Allahu akbar, all ahumma ahillahu AAalayn a bil-amni wal-eeman, wassal amati wal-islam, wattawfee iqi lima tuhibbu watar da, rabbun a warabbukal -lah.

'Allah is the greatest . O Allah, let the crescent loom above us in safety, faith, peace, and Islam, and in agreement with all that You love and pleases You . Our Lord and your Lord is Allah.'

٦٤. Upon breaking fast

(17A)

Thahaba*th-th*ama-o wabtallatil -AAurooq, wathabatal -ajru in shaal-lah.

'The thirst has gone and the veins are quenched, and reward is confirmed, if All ah wills.'

(179)

'AAabdullah Ibn AAamr Ibn Al-AAas * related that the Messenger of Allah * said: 'Indeed the fasting person has at the time of breaking fast, a supplication which is not rejected'. Ibn Abee Mulaykah عناط: 'I Heard AAabdullah Ibn AAomar say when he broke his fast:

Allahumma inne as -aluka bira hmatikal-latee wasiAAat kulla shay, an taghfira lee . 'O Allah, I ask You by Your mercy which envelopes all things, that You f orgive me.'

70. Supplication before eating

(14.)

'When you are about to eat, you should say:

بسم الله .

Bismil-lah.

...and if you forget to say it before starting, then you should say (when you remember):

بِسْمِ اللهِ في أُوَّلِهِ وَ آخِرِه .

Bismil-lahi fee awwalihi wa -akhirih.

'In the name of All ah in it's beginning and end .'

(111)

'Whomever Allah feeds, should say:

Allahumma barik lana feehi wa -atAAimna khayran minh.

'O Allah, bless it for us a nd feed us better than it .'

....and whomever Allah gives milk to drink should say:

Allahumma b arik lan a feehi wazidn a minh.

'O Allah, bless it for usand give us more of it .'

77. Upon completing the meal

Al<u>h</u>amdu lill<u>a</u>hil-la<u>th</u>ee a<u>t</u>AAamanee h<u>atha</u> warazaqaneehi min ghayri <u>h</u>awlin minnee wal<u>a</u> quwwah.

'All praise is for All <u>ah</u> who fed me this and provided it for me without any mi ght nor power from myself .'

Al \underline{h} amdu lill \underline{a} hi \underline{h} amdan katheeran \underline{t} ayyiban mub \underline{a} rakan feeh, ghayra makfiyyin wal \underline{a} muwaddaAAin, wal \underline{a} mustaghnan AAanhu rabbun \underline{a} .

'Allah be praised with an abundant beautiful blessed praise, a never -ending praise, a praise which we will never bid farewell to and an indispensable praise, He is our Lord.'

There are other views as regards to the understanding of this supplication, from them: Allah be praised with an abundant beautiful blessed praise. He is The One Who is sufficient, feeds and is not fed. The One Who is longed for, along with that which is with Him and The One Who is needed, He is our Lord.'

'V. Supplication of the guest for the host

Allahumma b arik lahum feem a razaqtahum, waghfir lahum war hamhum.

'O Allah, bless for them, that which You have provided them, for give them and have mercy upon them .'

$\$ ^\.Supplication said to one offering a drink or to one who intended to do that $(\)^\circ$

Allahumma a tAAim man a tAAamanee wasqi man saq anee.

'O Allah, feed him who fed me, a nd provide with drink him who provided me with drink.'

$^{7.9}$. Supplication said when breaking fast in someone's home $(^{1})^{7.9}$

Af<u>t</u>ara AAindakumu <u>s</u>-<u>sa</u>-imoon, wa -akala <u>t</u>aAA<u>a</u>makumul -abr<u>a</u>r, wa <u>s</u>allat AAalaykumul -mala-ikah.

'May the fasting break their fast in your home, and may the dutiful and pious eat your food, and may the angles send prayers upon you .'

Y. Supplication said by one fasting when presented with food and des not break his fast

(YYY)

'If you are not invited (to a meal) then answer. If you happen to be fasting, then supplicate (for those present) and if you are not fasting, then eat.'

V1. Supplication said upon seeing the early or premature fruit

 $(1 \forall \lambda)$

Allahumma barik lana fee thamarin a, wabarik lana fee madeenatin a, wabarik lana fee sa AAina wabarik lana fee muddin a.

'O Allah, bless our fruit for us, bless our town for us, bless our $\underline{sa}AA$ for us and bless our \underline{mudd} for us.'

A $\underline{sa}AA$ is equivalent to four *mudds* and a *mudd* is equivalent to a dry measure of an average man's two palms.

VY. Supplication said upon sneezing

(179)

'When one of you sneezes he should say:

الْحَمْدُ شِهِ.

Alhamdu lill ah.

'All praise if for All ah.'

...and his brother or companion should say to him:

بَر ْحَمُلُكَ اللهِ

Yarhamukal-lah.

'May Allah have mercy upon you .'

...and he (i.e. the one who sneezed) replies back to him:

يَهْديكُمُ اللهُ ويُصلِحُ بالكُم.

Yahdeekumul -lahu wayu slihu balakum.

'May Allah guide you and rectify your condition .'

٧٣. Supplication said to the newlywed

(1)

Barakal-lahu lak, wab araka AAalayk, wajamaAA a baynakum a fee khayr.

'May Allah bless for you (your spouse) and bless you, and may He unite both of you in goodness.'

Y'. The groom's supplication on the wedding night or when buying an animal

 $(1 \wedge 1)$

when you marry a woman or buy a maidservant, you should say:

Allahumma innee as -aluka khayrah \underline{a} wakhayra m \underline{a} jabaltah \underline{a} AAalayh, wa -aAAoo \underline{th} u bika min sharrih \underline{a} washarri m \underline{a} jabaltah \underline{a} AAalayh.

'O Allah, I ask You for the goodness within her and the goodness that you have made her inclined towards, and I take refuge with You from the evil within her and the evil that you have made her inclined towards .'

...and if you buy a camel, then you should take hold of it's hump and say likewise.'

Vo. Supplication before sexual intercourse

Bismil-lah, allahumma jannibnash -shay \underline{ta} n, wajannibish -shay \underline{ta} na ma razaqtan a. 'In the name of Allah, O Allah, keep the devil away from us and keep the devil away from what you have blessed us with .'

\(\) \) \) When angry

 $(1 \Lambda T)$

أعودُ بِاللهِ مِنَ الشَّيْطانِ الرَّجيم.

aAAoo thu billahi minash -shaytanir-rajeem.

'I take refuge with All ah from the accursed devil .'

YY. Supplication said upon seeing someone in trial or tribulation

This supplication is to be said to one 's self, not directly to the one in trial or tribulation.

Al<u>h</u>amdu lill<u>a</u>hil-la<u>th</u>ee AA<u>a</u>f<u>a</u>nee mimmab -tal<u>a</u>ka bih, wafa<u>dd</u>alanee AAal <u>a</u> katheerin mimman khalaqa taf <u>d</u>eel<u>a</u>.

'All praise is for All $\underline{a}h$ Who saved me from that which He tested you with and Who most certainly favoured me over much of His creation .'

VA. Remembrance said at a sitting or gathering...etc

Ibn AAumar \circledast said: It would be counted that the Messenger of All $\underline{a}h \not \circledast$ would say one hundred times at any one sitting before getting up:

Rabbigh-fir lee watub AAalay, innaka antat -tawwabul-ghafoor.

'O my Lord, forgive me and turn towards me (to accept my repentance). Verily You are The Oft-Returning. The Oft-Forgiving.'

$^{\vee \P}$. Supplication for the expiation of sins said at the conclusion of a sitting or gathering...etc

(111)

Sub<u>ha</u>nakal-l<u>a</u>humma wabi <u>h</u>amdik, ashhadu an l \underline{a} il<u>a</u>ha ill \underline{a} ant, astaghfiruka wa - atoobu ilayk .

'How perfect You are O All $\underline{a}h$, and I praise You . I bear witness that None has the right to be worshipped except You . I seek Your forgiveness and turn to You in repentance.'

Cont. V 9. Supplication for concluding all sittings

AAaishah في الله عنها said: Whenever The Messenger of Allah would betake a seat, read Quran or pray, he would always conclude it with certain words, I (i.e. AAaishah) said: O Messenger of Allah I have noticed that whenever you betake a seat, read Quran or pray, you always conclude it with these words. He said: Yes, whoever speaks good, it (i.e. the supplication) will be a seal for that goodness and whoever speaks ill, it will be an atonement for him.'

Subhanaka wabi hamdik, la ilaha illa anta astaghfiruka wa -atoobu ilayk.

'How perfect You are and I praise You . None has the right to be worshipped except You, I seek Your forgiveness and turn in repentance to You .'

^.. Returning a supplication of forgiveness (^^^)

'AAabdullah Ibn Sarjis said: 'I went to see the Prophet * and ate from his food and then said to him:

غَفَرَ اللهُ لَكَ بِا رَسولَ الله.

Ghafaral-lahu laka ya rasoolal-lah.

'May Allah forgive you, O Messenger of All ah.' ...he #replied:

وَ لَئِكَ .

wa-lak 'and you.'

$^{\text{A}}$ \. Supplication said to one who does you a favour $^{\text{A}}$ \.

'If someone does you a favour and you say:

جَز اكَ اللهُ خَيْراً.

Jaz<u>a</u>kal-l<u>a</u>hu khayran .

'May Allah reward you with goodness .'

...then you have indeed excelled in praising him.'

AY. Protection from the Dajjal

Dajjal: among the great signs of the last hour and the greatest trials to befall mankind, which every Prophet has warned about . Most of mankind will folow him . He will appear from A \underline{s} bahan, Iran at the time when Muslims will conquer Constantinople . He will be given special powers and will make the truth seem false and vice versa . He will claim to be righteous and then he will claim prophet -hood and finally, divinity . From his features is that he will be blind in his right eye which is a definite proof that contradicts his claim to be All \underline{a} h as it is a sign of imperfection . The word \underline{Kafir} will be written between his eyes which every believer, literate or illiterate will recognise .

(19.)

'Whoever memorises the first ten verses of soorat Al-Kahf will be protected from Dajjal.'

One should also seek refuge with All $\underline{a}h$ from the tribulations of the Dajj $\underline{a}l$ after the last tashahhud in prayer. (Refer to supplications #00 & #01)

ΛΨ. Supplication said to one who pronounceshis love for you, for Alhh's sake

(191)

أحَبَّكَ الذي أَحْبَبْتَني له.

Ahabbakal-lathee ahbabtanee lah.

'May He, for whom you have loved me, love you .'

$^{\Lambda\xi}$. Supplication said to one who has offered you some of his wealth $(^{197})$

باركَ اللهُ لكَ في أَهْلِكَ وَمَالِك.

Barakal-lahu laka fee ahlika wam alik.

'May Allah bless for you, your family and wealth .'

$^{\text{ho}}$. Supplication said to the debtor when his debt is settled $(^{\text{NT}})$

Barakal-lahu laka fee ahlika wam alik, innam a jaza-os-salafil-hamdu wal-ada/.

'May Allah bless for you, your family and wealth . Surely commendation and payment are the reward for a loan .'

۸٦. Supplication for fear of shirk

shirk: to associate others with All $\underline{a}h$ in those things which are specific to Him. This can occur in (1) belief, e.g. to believe that other than All $\underline{a}h$ has the power to benefit or harm, (7) speech, e.g. to swear by other than All $\underline{a}h$ and (7) action, e.g. to bow or prostrate to other than All $\underline{a}h$.

Allahumma innee aAAoo thu bika an oshrika bika wa -ana aAAlam, wa -astaghfiruka lima la aAAlam.

'O Allah, I take refuge in You lest I should commit shirk with You knowingly and I seek Your forgiveness for what I do unknowingly .'

$\ensuremath{^{\text{AV}}}\xspace.$ Returning a supplication after having bestowed a gift or charity upon someone

(190)

AAaishah رضي الله عنها reported that the Messenger of All ah was given a sheep and he ordered for it's distribution. When the servant would come back (from distributing it), AAaishah would ask: 'What did they say?', he replied: They would supplicate:

باركَ اللهُ فيكُمْ.

Barakal-lahu feekum.

'May Allah bless you all .'

...AAaishah would then say:

و َفيهمْ بار كَ اللهِ

Wafeehim b arakal-lah.

'and may All ah bless them .'

...we return their supplication in a similar way and our reward remains with us.

AA. Forbiddance of ascribing things to omens

This supplication is used whenever one initially thinks a ca—sual event or occurrence to foretell good or evil, using it as a basis to determine which action he should undertake, but he then denounces such a link, relies on All— $\underline{a}h$ and then says this supplication as an expiation for this act, since it falls under the—category of *shirk*.

Allahumma la tayra illa tayruk, wala khayra illa khayruk, wala ilaha ghayruk. 'O Allah, there is no omen but there is reliance on You, there is no good except You good and none has the right to be worshipped except You .'

^9. Supplication said when mounting an animal or any means of transport

بِسْمِ اللهِ وَالْحَمْدُ لله، سُبْحانَ الذي سَخَّرَ لنا هذا وَمَا كُنّا لَهُ مُقْرِنِين، وَإِنّا إلى رَبِّنَا لَمُنقَلِبُون، اللهُ أَكْبَر، اللهُ أَنْت.

Bismil-lah, walhamdu lillah, subhanal-lathee sakhkhara lana hatha wama kunna lahu muqrineen, wainn a ila rabbina lamunqaliboon, al hamdu lillah, alhamdu lillah, alhamdu lillah, Allahu akbar, Allahu akbar, Allahu akbar, subhanakal-lahumma innee thalamtu nafsee faghfir lee fainnahu la yaghfiru th-thunooba illa ant.

'In the name of All $\underline{a}h$ and all praise is for All $\underline{a}h$. How perfect He is, the One Who has placed this (transport) at our service and we ourselves would not have been capable of that, and to our Lord is our final destiny . All praise is for All $\underline{a}h$, and is the greatest, All $\underline{a}h$ is the greatest. How perfect You are, O All $\underline{a}h$, verily I have wronged my soul, so forgive me, for surely none can forgive sins except You .'

• . Supplication for travel

اللهُ أكبر ، اللهُ أكبر ، اللهُ أكبر ، سُبْحانَ الّذي سنَحَّرَ لنا هذا وَما كُنّا لَهُ مُقْرِنين ، وَإِنّا إِلى رَبّنا لَمُنْقَلِبون ، اللهُ مَّ إِنّا نَسْأَلُكَ في سفرنا هذا البرَّ وَالثَّقُوى ، وَمِنَ الْعَمَل ما تَرْضى ، اللهُمَّ هُوِّنْ عَلَينا سفَرنا هذا وَاطُو عَنّا بُعْدَه ، اللهُمَّ أَنْتَ الصّاحِبُ في السَّفر ، وَالْخَليفَةُ في الأهل ، اللهُمَّ إِنِّي أعودُبك مِنْ وَعْثاءِ السَّفر ، وكَآبَةِ السَّفر ، وَالْخَليفَةُ في المال وَالأهل .

Allahu akbar, Allahu akbar, Allahu akbar, sub hanal-lathee sakhkhara lan a hatha wama kunna lahu muqrineen, wa -inna ila rabbina lamunqaliboon, allahumma inna nas-aluka fee safarina hatha albirra wattaqwa, waminal-AAamali ma tarda, allahumma hawwin AAalayna safarana hatha, watwi AAanna buAAdah, allahumma anta s-sahibu fis-safar, walkhaleefatu fil-ahl, allahumma innee aAAoo thu bika min waAAtha-is-safar, waka-abatil-manthar, wasoo-il-munqalabi fil-mali wal-ahl.

'Allah is the greatest, All ah is the greatest, All ah is the greatest, How perfect He is, The One Who has placed this (transport) at our service, and we ourselves would not have been capable of that, and to our Lord is our final destiny . O Allah, we ask You for birr and taqwa in this journey of ours, and we ask You for deeds which please You. O Allah, facilitate our journey and let us cover it 's distance quickly. O Allah,

You are The Companion on the journey and The Successor over the family, O All <u>ah</u>, I take refuge with You from the difficulties of travel, from ha ving a change of hearts and being in a bad predicament, and I take refuge in You from an ill fated outcome with wealth and family .'

birr and taqwa: two comprehensive terms which individually, refer to all good actions and obedience i.e. performing the comm anded actions and avoiding the prohibited actions. When combined together, birr refers to doing those actions which have been commanded and taqwa refers to avoiding those actions which have been prohibited. A successor: one who succeeds another due to the latter's absence or death. This is the correct meaning of the word khaleefah; thus, it is incorrect to believe that Adam is the khaleefah (vicegerent, as is commonly translated) of Allah on earth because All ah is never absent, and will never die. This supplication proves the correct understanding of this term and shows that All ah succeeds us and guards whom we leave behind when we die or are absent.

...upon returning the same supplication is recited with the following addition : . آيبونَ تائِبونَ عابدونَ لِرَبِّنا حامِدون

Ayiboona, ta-iboona, AA abidoona, lirabbin a hamidoon.

'We return, repent, worship and praise our Lord .'

41. Supplication upon entering a town or village..etc

Allahumma rabbas -samawatis-sabAAi wam a athlaln, warabbal -aradeenas-sabAAi wama aqlaln, warabbash -shayateeni wama adlaln, warabbar -riyahi wama tharayn, asaluka khayra h athihil-qaryah, wakhayra ahlilh a wakhayra ma feeha, wa-aAAoothu bika min sharrih a washarri ahlih a, washarri ma feeha.

'O Allah, Lord of the seven heavens and all that they envelop, Lord of the seven earths and all that they carry, Lord of the devils and all whom they misguide, Lord of the winds and all whom they whisk aw ay. I ask You for the goodness of this village, the goodness of its inhabitants and for all the goodness found within it and I take refuge with You from the evil of this village, the evil of its inhabitants and from all the evil found within it.'

17. When entering the market

 $L\underline{a}$ il \underline{a} ha illal-l \underline{a} h, wa \underline{h} dahu l \underline{a} shareeka lah, lahul -mulku walahul - \underline{h} amd, yu \underline{h} yee wayumeetu wahuwa \underline{h} ayyun l \underline{a} yamoot, biyadihil -khayru wahuwa AAal \underline{a} kulli shayin qadeer.

'None has the right to be worshipped except All $\underline{a}h$, alone, without partner, to Him belongs all sovereignty and praise . He gives life and causes death, and He is livin g and does not die . In His hand is all good and He is over all things, omnipotent .'

\P . Supplication for when the mounted animal(or mean of transport) stumbles $(? \cdot ?)$

بسئم اللهِ

Bismil-lah.

'In the name of All ah.'

95. Supplication of the traveller for the resident $(7 \cdot 7)$

أسْتَوْدِعُكُمُ اللَّهَ الَّذي لا تَضيعُ وَدائِعُه.

AstawdiAAukumul -lah, allathee la tadeeAAu wad a-iAAuh.

'I place you in the trust of All ah, whose trust is never misplaced.'

90. Supplication of the resident for the traveller $(7 \cdot 7)$

AstawdiAAul -laha deenak, wa -amanatak, wakhaw ateema AAamalik .

'I place your religion, your faithfulness and the ends of your deeds in the trust of Allah.'

Zawwadakal -lahut-taqwa, waghafara \underline{th} anbak, wayassara lakal -khayra \underline{h} aythuma kunt.

'May Allah endow you with *taqwa*, forgive your sins and facilitate all good for you, wherever you be .'

taqwa: a comprehensive term which refers to all good actions and obedience i .e. performing the commanded actions and avoiding the prohibited actions .

17. Remembrance while ascending or desænding (7.0)

Jabir said: While ascending, we would say:

اللهُ أَكْبَر .

Allahu akbar.

'Allah is the greatest .'

...and when descending, we would say:

سُبْحانَ الله .

Subhanal-lah.

'How perfect All ah is.'

4V. Prayer of the traveller as dawn approaches

SamiAAa s <u>a</u>miAAun bi <u>h</u>amdil-l<u>a</u>hi wa <u>h</u>usni bal <u>a</u>-ihi AAalayn <u>a</u>. Rabban <u>a</u> <u>sah</u>ibn <u>a</u> wa-afdil AAalayn a AAa-ithan billahi minan -nar.

'May a witness, be witness to our praise of All $\underline{a}h$ for His fav ours and bounties upon us. Our Lord, protect us, show favour on us and deliver us from every evil . I take refuge in All $\underline{a}h$ from the fire .'

\P A. Stopping or lodging somewhere $(\Upsilon \cdot \Upsilon)$

أعودُ بِكَلِماتِ اللهِ السّامّاتِ مِنْ شَرِّ ما خَلَق.

aAAoo thu bikalim atil-lahit-tammati min sharri m a khalaq.

'I take refuge in All ah's perfect words from the evil that He has created .'

99. While returning from travel

 $(\Upsilon \cdot A)$

Ibn AAumar 🐞 reported that the Messenger of Allah 🌋 on return from a battle or from performing the pilgrimage would say at every high point:

Allahu akbar, All ahu akbar, All ahu akbar.

'Allah is the greatest, All ah is the greatest, All ah is the greatest.' ...and then he would say:

La ilaha illal-lahu wahdahu la shareeka lah, lahul -mulku walahul -hamd, wahuwa AAala kulli shay-in qadeer, ayiboona ta-iboon, AAabidoon, lirabbin a hamidoon, sadagal-lahu waAAdah, wana sara AAabdah, wahazamal -ahzaba wahdah.

'None has the right to be worshipped except All ah, alone, without partner. To Him belongs all sovereignty and praise, and He is over al 1 things omnipotent. We return, repent, worship and praise our Lord . Allah fulfilled His promise, aided His Servant, and single -handedly defeated the allies .'

\... What to say upon receiving pleasing or displeasing news $(\Upsilon \cdot \P)$

Alhamdu lill ahil-lathee biniAAmatihi tatimmu s-salihat.

'All Praise is for All ah by whose favour good works are accomplished.' ...and upon receiving displeasing news, he *would say:

Alhamdu lill ahi AAal a kulli hal.

'All Praise is for All ah in all circumstances .'

1.1. Excellence of sending prayers upon the Prophets

(11)

The Prophet said: 'Whoever sends a prayer upon me, All ah sends ten upon h im.'

He # also said: 'Do not take my grave as a place of habitual ceremony. Send prayers upon me, for verily your prayers reach me wherever you are.' (rr)

He # also said: 'A miser is one whom when I am mentioned to him, fails to send prayers upon me.'

1.7. Excellence of spreading the Islamic greeting (717)

The Messenger of Allah said: 'You shall not enter paradise until you believe, and you shall not believe until you love one another. Shall I not inform you of something, if you were to act upon it, you will indeed achieve mutual love for one another? Spread the greeting amongst vourselves.' (117)

AAammar said: 'Three characteristics, whoever combines them, has completed his faith: to be just, to spread greetings to all people and to spend (charitably) out of the little you have.'

(710)

'AAabdullah Ibn AAamr & reported that a man asked the Prophet *: 'Which Islam is the best?'. He *replied: Feed (the poor), and greet those whom you know as well as those whom you do not.'

Y. T. Supplication said upon hearing a rooster crow or the braying of an ass

'If you hear the crow of a rooster, ask All ah for his bounty for it has seen an angel and if you hear the braying of an ass, seek refuge in All ah for it has seen a devil.'

1. Supplication upon hearing the barking of dogs at night (717)

'If you hear the barking of dogs or the braying of asses at night, seek refuge in All $\underline{a}h$ for they see what you do not.'

$\cdot \cdot \circ$. Supplication said for one you have insulted $(\uparrow \land \land)$

Allahumma fa-ayyuma mu/minin sababtuhu fajAAal <u>tha</u>lika lahu qurbatan ilayka yawmal-qiyamah.

'O Allah, to any believer whom I have insulted, let that be cause to dr α aw him near to You on the Day of Resurrection .'

1 . The etiquette of praising a fellow Muslim (717)

He said: 'If anyone of you is impelled to praise his brother, then he should say: 'I deem so-and-so to be...and Allah is his reckoner...and I don't praise anyone, putting it (i.e. my praising) forward, in front of Allah's commendation, however I assume him so and so'...if he knows that of him.'

1. V. Supplication said between the Yemeni corner and the black stone (at the KaAAbah)

(77)

The Prophet sused to say between the Yemeni corner and the black stone:

(Rabban<u>a</u> <u>atina</u> fee aldduny<u>a h</u>asanatan wafee al -<u>a</u>khirati <u>h</u>asanatan waqin <u>a</u> AAa<u>tha</u>ba alnn<u>a</u>r) [Al-Baqarah: ...

'O our Lord, grant us the best in this life and the best in the next life, and protect us from the punishment of the Fire .'

1. A. Supplication said when at Mount Safa & Mount Marwah (**171**)

 $J\underline{a}$ bir \ll said when describing the Prophet's # pilgrimage: '...and when he approached mount Safa he recited:

《Inna<u>s-s</u>af<u>a</u> wa-almarwata min shaAA <u>a</u>-iri All<u>a</u>h》

أَبْدَأُ بِمَا بَدَأُ اللهُ بِهِ.

Abda-o bima badaal-lahu bih.

- 'Indeed Safa and Marwah are from the places of worship of All ah...'
- 'I begin with what All ah began with.'

...so he started with Safa and climed it until he could see the KaAAbah, he then faced it and said:

Allahu akbar, All ahu akbar, All ahu akbar.

'Allah is the greatest, All ah is the greatest, All ah is the greatest.'

...and then he would say the following three times making a supplication (one should make a personal supplication) after each time:

La ilaha illal-lahu wahdahu la shareeka lah, lahul -mulku walahul -hamd, wahuwa AAala kulli shayin qadeer, la ilaha illal-lahu wahdah, anjaza waAAdah, wana sara AAabdah, wahazamal -ahzaba wahdah.

'None has the right to be worshipped except All ah, alone, without partner .To Him belongs all sovereignty and praise and He is over all things amnipotent . None has the right to be worshipped except All ah alone. He fulfilled His promise, aided His Servant and single -handedly defeated the allies .'

...he *would repeat this action at Marwah.

1.4. The Day of AAarafah

(7 7 7)

'The best of supplications is the supplication on the day of AAarafah and the best which I and the Prophets before me have said (is):

La ilaha illal-lahu wahdahu la shareeka lah, lahul -mulku walahul -hamd, wahuwa AAala kulli shayin qadeer .

'None has the right to be worshipped except All ah, alone, without partner . To Him belongs all praise and sovereignty and He is over all things omnipotent

\\\\. At the Sacred Site (Al-MashAAar Al-Haram) (277)

Jabir 🐗 said: 'He 💥 rode Al-Oaswa until he reached Al-MashAAar Al-Haram, he then faced the giblah, supplicated to All ah, and extoled His greatness and oneness. He stood until the sun shone but left before it rose.'

Al-Qaswa: The name of the Prophet 's \(\subseteq \) camel.

111. When throwing each pebble at the Jamarat

i.e. Stoning the three areas at Mina during Hajj . (3 7 7)

Every time the Prophet #threw a pebble at any of the three jamar at, he would say: اللهُ أَكْثَرُ ُ

Allahu akbar.

'Allah is the greatest'

...on completion of the first jamarah, he advanced a little, stood facing the qibl ah, raised his hands and supplicated. He also did this after the second jamarah but not the third.

117. At the black stone (770)

'The Prophet ﷺ circled the KaAAbah on a camel, every time he reached the black stone he would point to it with his staff and say:

اللهُ أَكْبَر ُ.

Allahu akbar

'Allah is the greatest'

117. Supplication made against an enemy (۲۲۲)

Allahumma munzilal -kitab, sareeAAal - \underline{h} isab, ihzimil -a \underline{h} zab, allahummah -zimhum wazalzilhum .

'O Allah, Revealer of the Book, Swift at reckoning, defeat the confederates . O Allah, defeat them and convulse them .'

112. What to say when in fear of a people

(YYY)

اللَّهُمَّ اكْفِنِيهِمْ بِما شِئْتَ.

Allahummak -fineehim bim a shi/t.

'O Allah, protect me from them with what You choose.'

``o`. What to say at times of amazement and delight $(\Upsilon \Upsilon \Lambda)$

سُبْحَانَ اللهِ!

Sub<u>ha</u>nal-l<u>a</u>h!.

'How perfect All ah is.'

اللهُ أكْبِر ُ!

Allahu akbar.

'Allah is the greatest .'

The Prophet ﷺ would prostrate in gratitude to All ah تبارك و تعالى upon receiving news which pleased him or which caused pleasure.

 1 What to say and do when feeling some pain in the body $(^{7}$ 7)

'Place your hand at the site of the pain and say:

بِسْمِ اللهِ (تَلاثاً)

Bismil-lah (three times)

'In the name of All ah' (three times)

...the supplicate seven times:

aAAoo thu billahi waqudratih min sharri m a ajidu wa-ohathir. (seven times).

'I take refuge in All $\underline{a}h$ and within His omnipotence from the evil that I feel and am wary of.' (seven times)

What to say when in fear of afflicting something or someone with one's eye The Evil Eye: To look at something and be impressed with it, causing harm to befall it. This "looking" may or may not involve jealousy, and can occur unintentionally, indeed be part of a person's nature! A person can even inflict harm on himself. From the supplications for the protection against the Evil Eye:

اللَّهُمَّ باركِ عَليه.

Allahumma b arik AAalayh.

'O Allah, send blessing upon him .'

ما شياءَ الله، لا قُوَّةَ إلاّ بالله.

Ma shaal-lah, la quwwata ill a billah.

'(this is) that which All $\underline{a}h$ has willed, there is no power except with All $\underline{a}h$.'
(rrr)

'If you see something from your brother, yourself or wealth which you find impressing, then invoke blessings for it, for the evil eye is indeed true'.

119. Etiquette of retiring for the night (777)

'When night falls (i.e. Al-Maghrib), restrain your children (from going out) because at such time the devils spread about. After a period of time has passed, let them be. Shut your doors and mention Allah's name, for verily the devil does not open a shut door, tie up your water-skins and mention Allah's name, cover your vessels with anything and mention Allah's name and put out your lamps.'

YY. The Talbiyah

(۲٣٤)

لَبَّيْكَ اللَّهُمَّ لَبَّيْكَ، لَبَّيْكَ لَا شَرِيكَ لَكَ لَبَّيْكَ، إِنَّ الحّمْدَ والنِّعْمَةِ، لَكَ والمُلكُ، لَا شَرِيكَ لَكَ.

Labbaykal -lahumma labbayk, labbayka labbayka labbayk, innal -hamda wanniAAmata laka walmulk, labbayka laka .

'Here I am O All $\underline{a}h$, (in response to Your call), here I am. Here I am, You have no partner, here I am . Verily all praise, grace and sovereignty belong to You . You have no partner.'

لا إله الآ الله

La ilaha illal-lah.

'None has the right to be worshipped except All ah.'

YYY. What is said to a Kafir when he sneezes (YYY)

يَهْدِيكُمْ اللهُ ويُصلِحُ بَالْكُمْ.

Yahdeekum wayu slihu balakum.

'May Allah guide you and rectify your condition .'

NYT. Returning a greeting to a Kafir

'When the people of the Book greet you, reply by saying:

و عَليكُم.

WaAAalaykum.

'And upon you .'

۱۲٤. When insulted while fasting

إِنِّي صَائِمٌ، إِنِّي صَائِمٌ.

 $(\Upsilon \Upsilon \Lambda)$

Innee sa-im, innee sa-im.

'I am fasting, I am fasting .'

۱۲٥. When slaughtering or offering a sacrifice (۲۳۹)

بِسْمِ اللهِ و اللهُ أَكْبَرُ اللَّهُمَّ مِنْكَ ولكَ اللَّهُمَّ تَقَبَّلْ مِنِّي.

Bismil-lah wallahu akbar, all ahumma minka walak, all ahumma taqabbal minnee .

'In the name of All $\underline{a}h$, and All $\underline{a}h$ is the great est. O All $\underline{a}h$, (it is) from You and belongs to You, O All $\underline{a}h$, accept this from me .'

177. What is said to ward off the deception of the Obstinate Shatans

(Y £ .)

أَعُودُ بِكَلِمَاتِ اللهِ الثَّامَّاتِ الَّتِي لَا يُجَاوِزُهُنَّ بَرُّ وِلَا فَاجِرٌ مِنْ شَرِّ مَا خَلَقَ، وبَرَأَ ودْرَأَ، ومِنْ شَرِّ مَا يَنْزِلُ مِنَ السَّمَاءِ ومِنْ شَرِّ مَا يَعْرُجُ فيهَا، ومِن شَرِّ مَا دَرَأَ في الأَرْضِ ومِنْ شَرِّ مَا يَخْرُجُ مِنْهَا، ومِنْ شَرِّ فِتَن اللَّيْلِ وِالنَّهارِ، ومِنْ شَرِّ كُلِّ طارِقِ إِلَّا طَارِقًا يَطْرُقُ بِخَيْرٍ يَا رَحْمَنُ.

aAAoo<u>th</u>u bikalim<u>a</u>til-l<u>a</u>hit-t<u>amma</u>t, allatee l<u>a</u> yuj<u>a</u>wizuhunna barrun wal <u>a</u> f<u>a</u>jir min sharri m<u>a</u> khalaq, wabaraa wa <u>th</u>araa, wamin sharri m<u>a</u> yanzilu minas -sam<u>a</u>/, wamin sharri m<u>a</u> yaAAruju feeh <u>a</u>, wamin sharri m<u>a</u> tharaa fil-ard, wamin sharri m<u>a</u> yakhruju minh<u>a</u>, wamin sharri fitnanil -layli wannah <u>a</u>r, wamin sharri kulli <u>ta</u>riqin ill<u>a</u> tariqan yatruqu bikhayrin y a Rahman.

'I take refuge within All <u>a</u>h's perfect words which no righteous or unrighteous person can transgress, from all the evil that He has created, made and originated. (I take refuge) from the evil that descends from the sky and the evil that rises up to it. (I take refuge) from the evil that is spread on Earth and the evil that springs from her, and I take refuge from the evil of the trib ulations of night and day, and the evil of one who visits at night except the one who brings good, O Merciful One.

YYV. Seeking forgiveness and repentance

(751)

'The Messenger of Allah # said: 'By Allah, I seek forgiveness and repent to Allah, more than seventy times a day.'

(757)

He # also said: 'O People, Repent! Verily I repent to All $\underline{a}h$, a hundred times a day.' (757)

He salso said: 'Whoever says:

Astaghfirul -lahal-lathee la ilaha illa huwal-hayyul-qayyoomu wa -atoobu ilayh . 'I seek Allah's forgiveness, besides whom, none has the right to be worshipped except He, The Ever Living, The Self -Subsisting and Supporter of all, and I turn to Him in repentance .'

...Allah would forgive him even if he was one who fled during the advance of an army.'

 $(Y \mathcal{E} \mathcal{E})$

He \leq said: 'The nearest the Lord comes to His servant is in the middle of the n ight, so if you are able to be of those who remember All $\underline{a}h$ at that time, then be so.' ($\{\xi \circ\}$)

He # also said: 'The nearest a servant is to his Lord is when he is prostrating, so supplicate much therein.'

(757)

He # also said: 'verily my heart becomes preoccupied, and verily I seek Allah's forgiveness a hundred times a day.'

preoccupied: i.e. in a state of 'forgetfulness'. The Prophet # always used to increase in his remembrance of his Lord, in attaining a nearness to All ah and having

consciousness of All <u>ah</u> to the extent that if this intensity lessened in anyway, he would regard it as a sin and would then race to seek forgiveness from All <u>ah</u>.

NYA. Excellence of remembrance and glorification of Al<u>a</u>h (ΥΕΥ)

Abu Hurayrah & reported that the Messenger of All ah said: 'Whoever says:

La ilaha illal-lahu wahdahu la shareeka lah, lahul -mulku walahul -hamd, wahuwa AAala kulli shayin qadeer .(one hundred times)

'None has the right to be worshipped except All $\underline{a}h$, alone, without partner . To Him belongs all sovereignty and praise and He is over all things omnipotent .'

...a hundred times during the day, has the reward of freeing ten slaves, a hundred good deeds are recorded for him and a hundred bad deeds are wiped away and he has gained refuge from the devil that day until evening and none shall come with anything better except someone who has done more.'

($\{\xi_{\lambda}\}$)

'Whoever says:

Sub<u>ha</u>nal-lahi wabi<u>h</u>amdih. (one hundred times daily)

'How perfect All ah is and I praise Him.'

...a hundred times during the day, his sins are wiped away, even if they are like the foam of the sea.'

(Y £ 9)

Abu Hurayrah & reported that the Messenger of All ah * said: 'Whoever says at morning and evening time:

Sub<u>hanal-la</u>hi wabi <u>h</u>amdih.(at morning & evening time)

'How perfect All ah is and I praise Him .'

...one hundred times, none shall come on the Day of Resurrection with anything better except someone who has said the same or even more.'

morning: after prayer until the sunrises, evening : after AAa \underline{sr} prayer until the sunsets, however some scholars say : after the sunsets a nd onwards . (70.)

Aboo Ayyoob Al-Ansaree & related that The Prophet *said: 'Whoever says:

 $L\underline{a}$ il<u>a</u>ha illal-l<u>a</u>hu wa<u>h</u>dahu l<u>a</u> shareeka lah, lahul -mulku walahul -<u>h</u>amd, wahuwa AAal<u>a</u> kulli shayin qadeer .

'None has the right to be worshipped exc ept Allah, alone, without partener. To Him belongs all sovereignty and praise and He is over all things omnipotent.'

....ten times is like one who has freed four souls from among the children of IsmaAAeel.'

(101)

Aboo Hurayrah * reported that the Messenger of Al $\underline{lah} \not \equiv said$: (There are) Two words, (which are) light on the tongue, heavy on the Scale and beloved to The Most Gracious:

Subhanal-lahi wabi hamdih, wasub hanal-lahil-AAatheem.

' How perfect All $\underline{a}h$ is and I praise Him . How perfect All $\underline{a}h$ is, The Supreme .' ($r \circ r$)

Aboo Hurayrah & reported that the Messenger of All ah said: 'Saying:

Subhanal-lah, walhamdu lillah, la ilaha illal-lah wallahu akbar.

' How perfect All $\underline{a}h$ is, and all praise is for All $\underline{a}h$. None has the right to be worshipped except All $\underline{a}h$, and All $\underline{a}h$ is the greatest.'

.... is more beloved to me than everything the sun has risen over .' (707)

Sa'd \Leftrightarrow said: 'We were sitting with the Messenger of All $\underline{a}h \not \equiv$ and he said: 'Are any of you unable to gain a thousand good deeds each day?' Somebody then asked him $\not\equiv$: How does one achieve a thousand good deeds? He replied: 'He should say:

سُبُحَانَ اللهِ.

Subhanal-lah.

'How perfect All ah is.'

....one hundred times, for a thousand good deeds are recorded for him or a thousand bad deeds are wiped away.'

($\Upsilon \circ \mathcal{E}$)

Jabbir & related that the Prophet #said: 'Whoever says:

سُبْحَانَ اللهِ الْعَظِيمِ ويحَمْدِهِ.

Subhanal-lahil-AAatheemi wabi hamdih.

' How perfect All ah is . The Supreme, and I praise Him .'

....a palm tree is planted for him in paradise.' (700)

'AAabdull<u>a</u>h Ibn Qays & related that the Prophet \mathcal{Z} said to him: 'O 'AAabdull<u>a</u>h Ibn Qays, shall I not inform you of a treasure from the treasures of paradise?' He \mathcal{Z} then said: 'Say:

لَا حَوِلَ وَلَا قُوَّةَ إِلَّا بِاللهِ.

La <u>h</u>awla wal <u>a</u> quwwata ill <u>a</u> bill<u>a</u>h.

'There is no might nor power except with All $\underline{a}h$.'
($7\circ 7$)

'the most beloved words to Allah are four:

Subhanal-lah, walhamdu lillah, wala ilaha illal-lah, wallahu akbar.

'How perfect All <u>ah</u> is, all praise is for All <u>ah</u>. None has the right to be worshipped except All <u>ah</u> and All <u>ah</u> is the greate st.'

....it does not matter which of them you start with .' $(Y \circ Y)$

SaAAd Ibn Abee Waqqas and said to him: 'Teach me something which I should say?' He said: 'Say:

La ilaha illal-lah, wahdahu la shareeka lah, All ahu akbaru kabeer a, walhamdu lillahi katheera, subhanal-lahi rabbil-AAalameen, la hawla wala quwwata illa billahil-AAazeezil-hakeem.

'None has the right to be worshipped except All $\underline{a}h$, alone without partener . All $\underline{a}h$ is most great and much praise is for All $\underline{a}h$. How perfect All $\underline{a}h$ is, Lord of the worlds . There is no mi ght nor power except with All $\underline{a}h$, The Exalted in might, The Wise .' ...the man then said: 'These are for my Lord, and what is for me?' He ** replied: 'Say:

Allahummagh-fir lee, war hamnee, wahdinee, warzuqnee .

'O Allah, forgive me, have mercy upon me, guide me and grant me sustenance $(7 \circ A)$

<u>Tariq</u> Al-AshjaAAee said: 'When someone would embrace Islam, the Prophet would teach him how to perform prayer and then order him to supplicate with the following words:

Allahummagh-fir lee, war hamnee, wahdinee, waAA afinee warzuqnee .

'O Allah, forgive me, have mercy upon me, guide me, give me health and grant me sustenance.'

(ro9)

Jabir Ibn 'AAabdullah \ll related that the Messenger of Allah \ll said: 'Verily, the best supplication is:

الْحَمْدُ شَهِ

Alhamdu lill ah

'All praise is for All ah.'

...and indeed, the best form of remembrance is:

لَا إِلَّهُ إِلَّا اللهُ.

La ilaha illal-lah.

'None has the right to be worshipped except All ah.'

(77.)

'The everlasting righteous deeds:

Sub<u>ha</u>nal-l<u>a</u>h, wal<u>h</u>amdu lill<u>a</u>h, l<u>a</u> il<u>a</u>ha illal-l<u>a</u>h, wall<u>a</u>hu akbar, wal <u>a</u> <u>h</u>awla wal <u>a</u> quwwata ill <u>a</u> bill<u>a</u>h.

'How perfect All <u>ah</u> is, and all praise is for All <u>ah</u>. None has the right to be worshipped except All <u>ah</u>, and All <u>ah</u> is the greates t. There is no might nor power except with Allah.'

179. How the prophet # made tasbeeh

Tasbeeh, it means here, to say:

Subhanal-lah, alhamdu lill ah, Allahu akbar.

(771)

'AAabdullah Ibn AAamr 🐗 said: 'I saw the prophet 🖔 make tasbeeh with his right hand.'

O Allah, send peace and blessings upon our Prophet Muhammad, his companions, and his family and all those who follow them in righteousness till the Day of Reckoning Ameen.